# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 6.809.—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1870. Annual Subscription in Advance...Rupees Fifty-two.



THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For year in advance delivered in Town ..... Rs. 52 0
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TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten lines and under
First insertion..... Rs. 5 0
Second Ditto ..... „ 2 8
Third Ditto ..... „ 2 8
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per line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion ..... 8 As. per line.
Second Ditto ..... 4½ „ „
Third and succeeding ..... 2½ „ „
In the Native Languages, double the above.

Domestic Occurrences. Each—Rupee 1.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."


## SHIPPING.

### OVERLAND ROUTE.

On Saturday, the 3rd December, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. & O. Co.'s s. s. BARODA, (1,873 tons, and 400 H.P.) Captain W. B. Hall, will LEAVE FOR SUEZ as above, carrying H.M.'s Mails, also Passengers and Cargo for that Port, Marseilles, Southampton, &c.

Cargo can also be booked through to Trieste, Venice, Odessa, Genoa, Naples, Barcelona and Havre, Liverpool, or London.

No Cargo can be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

The Company reserve the option of forwarding all goods shipped by their steamers for Europe, through Egypt, either by Rail, or by Canal in their own steamers, or in vessels employed for the purpose.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon before 10 A.M. on the day of the Steamer's departure, in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon at 2 P.M., precisely, on the day of sailing.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

REDUCED PARCEL RATES.

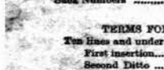
A considerable REDUCTION has been made in the TARIFF of CHARGES for SMALL PARCELS to ENGLAND, &c., particulars of which can be learnt on application at this Office.

Parcels will in future be received up to noon on the day of sailing.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay, 29th November 1870.

### STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.



THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. MALACCA, (1,683 tons, and 300 H.P.), Captain J. Bernard, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 8th December, leaving Mazagon at noon on that day, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras, and Calcutta.

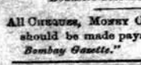
No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any cheque of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's office before 11 A.M. on Tuesday, the 6th proximo.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay, 24th November 1870.

### FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

(To sail on or about 15th instant.)



THE s.s. PARAGUAY, 1,170 tons register, W. G. Williams, Commander.

This Steamer has very superior accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers, and will be despatched hence as above.

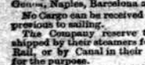
For rates of Freight, Passage, and further particulars apply to W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 30th November 1870.

### STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY.

(VIA SUEZ CANAL).

Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co.'s ITALIAN MAIL STEAMERS.



THE new English-built Steamer ARABIA, Captain Cascco, 2,000 Tons, now on her way out, will be despatched from Bombay on or about the 15th December.

### FOR GENOA,

Calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA, MESSINA, NAPLES, and LEGHORN.

The ARABIA has very superior accommodation for 1st, 2nd and 3rd Class Passengers.

PASSENGER RATES,

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Canal.)

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | 3rd Class. |
|---|---|---|---|
| To Aden | £22 | £15 | £4 |
| Suez | 36 | 22 | 8 |
| Port Said | 38 | 24 | 10 |
| Alexandria | 40 | 25 | 9-10 |
| Messina | 45 | 32 | 12 |
| Naples | 47 | 33 | 13 |
| Leghorn | 50 | 34 | 14 |
| Genoa | 50 | 34 | 14 |
| Marseilles with transhipment at Genoa | 52 | 35 | 14-10 |

Including Wines. Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.

Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers are allowed to break their voyage at any of the Above-named Mediterranean Ports, and to resume it by any of the Company's Steamers to the port of destination marked on their Tickets.

Passengers returning within 6 months of their departure from Bombay by the Steamers of the Company are entitled to a reduction of 20 per cent. on the Return Fare.

Berths may be secured in advance by depositing half the Passage Money.

For Prospectus, Rates of Freight and further particulars apply to VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.

Bombay, 1st December 1870.

### AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

MONTHLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company intends to despatch EVERY MONTH a Steamer from TRIESTE to BOMBAY and *vice versa*.

The Passenger Steamer ORESTE left Trieste on the 10th November, and will return from Bombay about the 18th December. Early application for passages should be made to prevent disappointment.

PASSENGER RATES FROM BOMBAY:

| To | Cabin. | Deck without Food. |
|---|---|---|
| To Aden | £16 | £ 6-15 |
| To Suez | £28 | £11-15 |
| To Port Said | £30 | £12-10 |
| To Trieste | £40 | £16-10 |

Cargo taken for Trieste, also for Venice, Constantinople, and Odessa, Aden, Egypt, England and the Continent generally.

There is also a weekly service by MAIL STEAMERS between Trieste and Bombay and *vice versa*, in conjunction with the P. & O. Co.'s Mail Steamers to and from Suez. The Austrian Lloyd's Mail Steamers leave Alexandria direct for Trieste immediately after the arrival of the Bombay and Calcutta Mails from Suez. The distance between Alexandria and Trieste is 240 miles shorter than that between Alexandria and Marseilles, and the voyage to Trieste is much more agreeable, it being a one-day trip full of variety of beautiful scenery from the Island of Candia to the Port of Trieste. The passage occupies only 4½ to 5 days, and the Company's best Steamers are employed on this Line, which are built expressly for this service, with special regard to the accommodation and comfort of passengers, and have such an experienced Surgeon on board. At Trieste the traveller to England has an extensive choice of picturesque and interesting routes, occupying from three days six hours to five days to London, at an expense varying from £7 to £18.

Passengers by the P. & O. Co.'s steamers to Suez can have their baggage forwarded by the Company's steamers to Southampton, at a charge of 10s. per cwt., to which the Austrian Lloyd's Agent at Suez will attend.

The undersigned Agents grant also passage tickets for the steamers plying between Alexandria and Trieste, and for the railway between Suez and Alexandria.

PASSENGER RATES FROM ALEXANDRIA TO TRIESTE:

First Class.....£13 | Second Class .....£9.

Children under 10 years at Half Fare; under 2 years, Free.

REDUCED FARES FOR FAMILIES, consisting of not less than 3 adult members travelling together:—First Class, £10-16 per head; Second Class, £7-10 per head.

Railway tickets, from SUEZ, to ALEXANDRIA, with all the privileges of passengers by the P. & O. Co:—First Class, £3; Second Class, £2. Children over 3 and under 10 years at Half Fare.

In conjunction with the Austrian Lloyd, Cargo for Trieste and Venice can be booked through from Bombay by the P. & O. Co., and the Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Co., and from Bombay from the various ports touched at by the steamers of the British India Steam Navigation Company.

TRANSHIPMENT SERVICE AT PORT SAID.

GOODS for Trieste, Venice, Odessa, and Ports on the Syrian, Turkish and Greek Coasts, shipped by Steamers under any Flag from Bombay or through from Bombay by Steamers under any Flag whatever from Japanese, Chinese and Indian Ports to Port Said, via the Red Sea, and transhipped by the Austrian Lloyd's Agent at Port Said, and forwarded to their destination by the Company's regular lines of Steamers.

For further particulars, and for freight and passage apply to

A. C. GUMPERT & Co.,
Agents for the Austrian Lloyd.

Bombay, 2, Ash Lane, 14th November 1870.

### TO EUROPEAN RESIDENTS IN INDIA.

THE SOVEREIGN BOOT (FOR LADIES)

Made of soft Glove Kid, Channel Soles, Fancy Toes, Pliant Elastic Sides, Military Heels Made expressly for Tropical Climates.

On the reception of twenty-one shillings sterling, the above will be sent out by pattern post, prepaid to any part of India, a pattern boot remitted to us through the PATTERN POST (containing a few pence) is sufficient guide for size, which is always registered for future use.

Illustrated Catalogues Post free on application.

MARSHALL and WILLATS,
207 and 208 Oxford Street, London, W.


## SHIPPING.

### BRINDISI STEAMERS.

CARRYING HER MAJESTY'S INDIAN and CHINA MAILS HITHERTO SENT VIA MARSEILLES.

### ADRIATICO ORIENTALE COMPANY.

UNDER ARRANGEMENT with the English POST OFFICE authorities, the Mail hitherto sent by the P. & O. Steamers via Marseilles, will be despatched by the Steamers of the Adriatico Orientale Company from Alexandria to Brindisi until the end of the year. This route being now the regular Mail line, becomes the direct as well as the most expeditious route for passengers.

The undersigned are prepared to issue THROUGH TICKETS from ALEXANDRIA to BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, NAPLES, ROME, BOLOGNA, FLORENCE, TURIN, GOSA, VERONA, CAMBIATA, MILAN, and PARIS.

Steamers leave Alexandria on the arrival of the Mail from Bombay.

The passage from Alexandria to Brindisi occupies only three days, and the through journey to London about 140 Hours, making a saving over other routes of about 48 hours.

On arrival at Brindisi is the weekly fast Steamer from Alexandria, an Express Train is run by the South Italian Railway en route for London, *viâ* Ancona, Bologna, Milan, the Bremen Pass, Munich and Frankfort to Dover, THUS AVOIDING THE SEAT OF WAR.

RATES OF FARE FROM ALEXANDRIA:

| | 1st Class. 2nd Class. | | 1st Class. 2nd Class. |
|---|---|---|---|
| To BRINDISI | Rs. 110 Rs. 80 | To ROME | Rs. 123 Rs. 93-6 |
| „ VENICE | „ 128 „ 88 | „ PARIS | „ 206 „ 146-8 |

For rates to other towns apply to

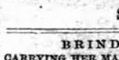
STEARNS, HOBART, & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 29th October 1870.

### NEW OVERLAND ROUTE

(VIA SUEZ CANAL.)

DIRECT SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY and MARSEILLES, touching at ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA (in case of need), and MARSEILLES.



LA COMPAGNIE MARSEILLAISE DE NAVIGATION A VAPEUR.—MARC FRASSINET PERE and FILS will DESPATCH STEAMERS MONTHLY from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES, via the SUEZ CANAL.

FREIGHT.—The Company undertake to grant through Bills of Lading for the above, and most other Continental Ports and also to Liverpool. They have further made arrangements to forward Cotton at a through rate from Bombay to the principal towns in France, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Belgium, and Spain.

Freight on Goods shipped to Europe to be payable at destination.

INSURANCE may be effected on very moderate terms, under the Company's Floating Policy, on goods shipped to the Continent by their own Steamers. Premiums of Insurance from Bombay to Marseilles 1 per cent.

The undersigned are further prepared to receive Merchandize from up-country, and to forward same to any part of Europe.

PASSENGER RATES.

(Inclusive of Wines, and all Transit Fees through the Canal.)

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| To Aden | £ 25 | £ 15 | £ 5 |
| „ Suez | £ 40 | £ 22-10 | £ 8 |
| „ Port Said | £ 42 | £ 24 | £ 9 |
| „ Marseilles | £ 56 | £ 36 | £ 14 |

Without food.

Children over three and under ten years of age, half fare.

The Company issue Return Tickets available for six months, deducting 20 per cent from the cost of the Return Passage.

The Steamers carry both Doctor and Stewardess.

Departures from Marseilles on the 1st and from Bombay about the 7th of each month.

In accordance with the above, the s. s. EUROPE, 3,500 Tons, Captain Martino, will be despatched on or about the 7th January 1871.

For further particulars, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

KUNKLER, PREISWERCK, & Co., Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, 17th November 1870.

### NOTICE to OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

—Half Pints of CHAMPAGNE at Rs. 9, 12, and 15 per dozen. All Dry.

PAYNE & Co.,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY,
Immediately Opposite the Custom House.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### BENNETT and COMPANY.

No. 5, Forbes Street.

WEEKLY SALE.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 3rd instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a large quantity of Grey and Coloured Piece Goods:—

2 Cases rich Cut Glassware, such as Wine and Claret Glasses, Tumblers, Water Jugs with rummers, Flower Glasses, Water Goblets, Water Crafts with Tumblers, Butter and Honey Pots, &c.

Few plated Ice Pitchers.

Handsome Kerosine Lamps of great variety.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 Cases | 240 | Pieces | White Assorted Lappets. |
| 2 ditto | 240 | ditto | ditto ditto |
| 1 ditto | 120 | ditto | ditto ditto |
| 1 ditto | 120 | ditto | T Red ditto |
| 2 ditto | 240 | ditto | Coloured Lappets. |

At 1 P.M.

1 English-built Brougham, in good order.

AUCTION SALE OF PUNJUM SILK.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 3rd instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, on account of the consignee—

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 Pieces | Fine English-built Mail Phaeton. |
| 2 English-built light Dog-cart. | |

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and handsome Household Furniture, Plated, Glass and Porcelainware, a first-class English Mahogany Slate Billiard Table by Thurston, &c., at Worlee.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, at the above-mentioned place, the valuable and handsome Household Furniture, Glass and Porcelainware, Billiard Table, &c., the property of H. W. Atkinson, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

No Catalogues and the property on view, 4 days before the day of sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 2nd December 1870.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### THEATRE ROYAL, GRANT ROAD.

MONDAY EVENING, 5TH DECEMBER 1870.

The Amateurs of H. M. S. FORTE beg to announce that they will give another DRAMATIC and MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT at the above Theatre on MONDAY EVENING next, in aid of the Forte's Amateur Dramatic society.

THE Barque ANNIF, having arrived from Mauritius, CONSIGNEES are requested to PAY FREIGHT to HORMUSJEE and JAMSETJEE Dubashes, or to the MASTER on Board, and to SEND BOATS for the CARGO at once, or else the same will be landed at their risk and expense.

JOHN BAKER, Master.

Bombay, 1st December 1870.

NOTICE.—On and after THIS DATE my Business will be conducted under the Name and Style of MACNAGHTEN & Co.

Mr. JOHN W. SCOTT will continue to act as Agent for the Firm in Bombay.

STEUART L. MACNAGHTEN.

Khansaum, 1st December 1870.

### NOTIFICATION BY THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER, UNDER SECTIONS II and III of THE MUNICIPAL LOAN BILL:—

It is hereby notified that the undersigned did, on THURSDAY the 1st instant, pay to Her Majesty's Treasurer in Bombay the sum of Rupees 14,000, being the SEVENTEENTH MONTHLY INSTALMENT of the 15 LAC LOAN, with interest, and also the sum of Rupees 14,000, being the SEVENTEENTH MONTHLY INSTALMENT of the VEHAR WATER WORKS DEBT.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Bombay, 1st December 1870.

### GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of COCOANUT and CASTOR OIL for a period of TWELVE MONTHS, commencing from the 1st January 1871, in such quantities as may be required by the Company monthly. Price to include delivery at the Stores Depot, Byculla.

The estimated Annual Consumption is about 400 Tons of Cocoanut and 500 Tons of Castor Oil.

Sealed Tenders specifying descriptions of Oil and localities from whence to be procured, accompanied by small samples of the same in sealed bottles, to be sent to the Agent at the Company's Offices not later than noon on the 20th December 1870.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

H. P. LEMESURIER, Agent.

Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, 1st December 1870.

J. & C. WHITE & Co.'s

### UNEQUALLED SHERRIES.

| | Cash. | Credit. |
|---|---|---|
| PALE DINNER, an excellent light dry Wine for general family use.....per doz...Rs. | 22 | 25 0 |
| KING DE PASTO, a full-bodied generous dinner Wine ..... per doz. | 26 0 | 29 0 |
| SUPERIOR PALE (J. & C. W.'s well known "White Seal" brand) a richly flavoured nutlow Wine ..... per doz... | 28 0 | 31 0 |

### TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

### CHAMPAGNES.

### NOTICE.

TREACHER & Co., Limited, regret that the diminution of their Stocks, and the Increased Charges on Government Warehousing, COMPEL an ADVANCE on their usual Quotations from the present date.

| | Cash. Rs. | Credit. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| GIESLER & Co.'s "*for India*," (their finest) brand. Sold in original cases, as landed ..per doz. | 42 0 | 46 0 |
| Do. do. examined and re-packed ..... „ | 44 0 | 48 0 |
| Do. do. Pints, in original cases ..... „ | 22 0 | 25 0 |
| Do. do. examined and re-packed ..... „ | 24 0 | 26 0 |
| JULES (*the original*) MUMM'S "finest dry," Qts. in original cases ..... „ | 40 0 | 46 0 |
| Do. do. examined and re-packed ..... „ | 42 0 | 48 0 |
| Do. do. Pints, in original cases ..... „ | 22 0 | 24 0 |
| Do. do. examined and re-packed ..... „ | 23 0 | 25 0 |
| FLEUR DE SILLERY, quarts, in original cases ..... „ | 36 0 | 40 0 |
| Do. do. examined and re-packed ..... „ | 38 0 | 43 0 |

GEO. PUGH, Manager.

1st December 1870.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDER FOR LANDING COAL, &c.—The BOMBAY GAS COMPANY (Limited) is prepared to receive TENDERS for the LANDING and CONVEYANCE of COAL and other GOODS from SHIPS in the HARBOUR to the GAS WORKS at Chinchpoogly during the year 1871.

The Specification can be seen, and information obtained, at the Office, 9 Marine Street, Fort.

Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tender for Landing Coal, &c." to be addressed to the undersigned and sent in at or before noon of the 12th December.

The Company does not undertake to accept the lowest or any tender.

C. GANDON,
Resident Engineer and Manager.

Bombay, 1st December 1870.

## NOTICES.

Mr. D. APYAKHTIAR'S PARSEE OPERA, CONCERT and BURLESQUE COMPANY OF INDIAN MUSIC,

Will give their First Grand Representation at the GRANT ROAD THEATRE,

Under the Distinguished Patronage of THE Hon. Sir JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY, Bart.,

SATURDAY, 3RD DECEMBER 1870,

On which occasion the much-admired Opera of ROOSTUM and SORAB

Will be introduced, with new Scenes, &c., Instrumental and Vocal Concerts, and Host of Varieties.

☞ For further particulars see the Programme.

Prices as usual.

THE RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF CALCUTTA, at the request of some Native Gentlemen, kindly consented to DELIVER a LECTURE, at the FRAMJEE COWASJEE INSTITUTE, on FRIDAY, Dec. 2nd, at half-past 5 in the afternoon.

The Lecture is open to the Public.

ALL PERSONS having CLAIMS against the ESTATE of the late Captain JAMES DUCAT, of the Bombay Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Central Provinces, Belaspore, will be good enough to forward the same to the undersigned before the 1st proximo. All Persons or Firms indebted to the Estate will be good enough to communicate at once with

W. BRIGNELL, Major,
22nd Regiment N. I., Commandant,
President Committee of Adjustment.

BOMBAY, BARODA, and CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.—TENDERS addressed to the undersigned will be received, up to the 10th proximo, for the SUPPLIES of STORES required during the next year.

Particulars as to the quantities and qualities of materials required may be obtained at the Storekeeper's Office, Boree Bunder.

FRANCIS MATHEW,
Acting Agent.

Bombay, 29th November 1870.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited, (in Liquidation).—The TRANSFER FEE on the COMPANY'S SHARES has been REDUCED to ONE RUPEE per SHARE from THIS DATE.

JAMES G. SMITH,
For Self and Co-Liquidators.

Elphinstone Circle, 15th November 1870.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited (in Liquidation).—A DISTRIBUTION of ASSETS of Rs. 55 per share will be made to the Registered Shareholders on the production of Share Certificates on and after the 6th instant.

J. G. SMITH,
For Self & Co-Liquidators.

Elphinstone Circle, 4th October 1870.

TO CAPITALISTS.—The LAND MORTGAGE BANK of INDIA (CREDIT FONCIER INDIEN) Limited are prepared to treat for the sale by PRIVATE CONTRACT of SUNDRY PROPERTIES in

BOMBAY,
POONA,
SHOLAPORE,
PANCHGUNNY,
KURRACHEE,

particulars of which may be had by applying to the Manager at the Bank's Office in Bombay. If desired part of the Purchase Money may remain on mortgage for a time at a moderate rate of interest.

FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION of INDIA and CHINA, Limited, (in Liquidation).—NOTICE is hereby given, that a SEVENTH and FINAL DISTRIBUTION of the ASSETS of the above Association, at the rate of ONE RUPEE and EIGHT ANNAS per Share, will be PAID to the Registered Shareholders at the Office of the Association, No. 23, Apollo Street, Bombay, on MONDAY the 5th inst., and on every ensuing MONDAY, up to the 19th December next, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M.

P. DEWAR,
Attorney for Liquidator.

Bombay, 19th October 1870.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be FINALLY CLOSED from and after the 27th instant.

THE ELPHINSTONE LAND and PRESS COMPANY, Limited, (in Liquidation).—NOTICE is hereby given that at the EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders advertised to be held on TUESDAY, the 6th day of December next, the following EXTRAORDINARY RESOLUTION will be proposed:

"That all the Books and Accounts, and Documents and Papers of or belonging to the Company or the Liquidators thereof, and all such books and documents as may be required by Government for the purpose of their works, be placed in the custody of the Firm of Messrs. W. Nicol & Co.; and that all such books and documents as may be required by Government for the purpose of their work be placed in the custody of Government."

The Resolution as previously advertised placing all books, accounts, documents and papers in the custody of Messrs. W. Nicol & Co. will not be proposed.

W. S. HALL,
For Self and Co-Liquidators.

Bombay, 21st November 1870.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

At a large MEETING of POLICYHOLDERS of the ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and its ASSOCIATED OFFICES to-day, Mr. JAMES THOMSON in the Chair, the following RESOLUTIONS were adopted:—

1. "That the Policyholders approve and accept the scheme of reconstruction prepared by the Committee of Policyholders, Annuitants, and Shareholders in the Albert Life Assurance Company, and now submitted to the Meeting, subject to such modification as may be found expedient, and be sanctioned by the Court of Chancery."

2. "That this Meeting earnestly impress upon the Policyholders the importance of assenting in their individual assents to the scheme as speedily as possible, so as to strengthen the hands of the Committee in carrying the same into effect."

3. "That the Policyholders consider it desirable and agree to pay the premiums due on their respective Policies to an account opened at the Bank of England and the Agra Bank, Limited, in the names of Messrs. Thomson, Bell, and Major-General Cunningham, three of the Members of the Committee of Policyholders, Annuitants, and Shareholders in the Albert Life Assurance Company; the premiums to be returned, in case the Scheme of Reconstruction should not be carried out, without deduction of any kind."—*Times*, 29th April 1870.

The AGRA BANK, Limited, is PREPARED to RECEIVE PREMIA on Policies in the above Company, in terms of the foregoing Resolutions.

EDWARD MORRISS,
Manager, Bombay Branch.

Bombay, 1st June 1870.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY.
BYCULLA SCHOOLS.

The Committee invites TENDERS for the SUPPLY of the following ARTICLES for ONE YEAR, commencing 1st January 1871, as per Schedules:—

BREE, MUTTON, MILK, BREAD, FLOUR, ROLONG, RICE, PLUMS, TEA, SUGAR, OIL, FIREWOOD, CHARCOAL, VEGETABLES of sorts, COUNTRY SHOES, and many other Articles in use, concerning which full information will be furnished upon application.

Forms of Tenders and Schedules can be obtained by intending Contractors upon application at this Office.

The Committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 20th December 1870.

P. WALSH,
Secretary, Bombay Education Society.

Secretary's Office, Byculla, 26th November 1870.

IN the HIGH COURT of JUDICATURE at BOMBAY.—Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the matter of Act XXVIII. of 1865, and in the matter of the Estate of JUMNADAS DOOLUBDAS and DAVIDAS LUKMIDAS, carrying on business under the name and style of JUMNADAS and DAVIDAS.

Upon reading the Petition of the abovenamed Traders, and on hearing Messrs. MACFARLANE and SKIPSEY, Solicitors for the said Traders, and Insolvents, I do order that the said Traders be DISCHARGED under the Provisions contained in Sections XXIII. and XXIV. of Act XXVIII. of 1865, unless good and sufficient cause be shewn to the contrary on the Fifth Day of December next, at 10½ o'clock A.M., in the Chambers of the Sitting Judge; and I direct that this Order be advertised in the "Bombay Government Gazette" and in two of the English and in two of the Vernacular Newspapers published in Bombay.—Dated this 14th day of November 1870.

J. P. GREEN.

MACFARLANE & SKIPSEY,
Solicitors for the Insolvent Traders.

### NOTICE.

The continuance of the

WAR IN FRANCE,

the consequent difficulty in obtaining Transit, and the increased Rates of Charges and Labour, for

CHAMPAGNES, &c.,

now coming forward, will reluctantly compel us to ADVANCE OUR QUOTATIONS as soon as our Stock, obtained at the Old Rates, is exhausted.

We therefore beg to notify to our Constituents that we CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO SUPPLY FRENCH WINES, &c., AT OUR PRESENT QUOTATIONS for any length of time.

On an advance being made, it will be duly advertised in the Local Journals.

PAYNE & Co.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, November 1870.

THACKER VINING, & Co.

A COMPLETE BOOK CATALOGUE is in course of preparation; orders will be registered.

AN INTERIM PAMPHLET, containing Paragraph Notices and Lists of Valuable Books, Instruments, Pictures and Sundries, may be had on application.

MOULE'S PATENT EARTH CLOSETS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Dealwood Commodes, complete | | Rs. 40 |
| Pull-up Self-acting Sieves for | Apparatus for fitting with pail and cover ditto | 25 3 |

Sole Agents,
CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.,
DEAN LANE, BOMBAY.

## NOTICES.

### SEASON, 1870-71.

### BADHAM and COMPANY,

APOLLO HOUSE, BOMBAY.

By Appointment,
HOSIERS, GLOVERS, and GENERAL WAREHOUSEMEN, TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA,

HAVE the pleasure to announce arrival of extensive Shipments for the coming Season, and beg to solicit an early inspection. The whole of the Goods have come by E. & O. Steamers; and Customers may rely upon getting the latest Novelties.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

| | | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| BADHAM'S | Celebrated White Zephyr Shirts...doz. | 50 | |
| BADHAM'S | Celebrated White Zephyr Shirts, linen fronts and cuffs ..... | 60 | |
| BADHAM'S | Fine Embroidered Dress Shirts.... each | 7 | to 25 |
| BADHAM'S | Coloured Cambric Shirts ..... doz. | 45 | |
| BADHAM'S | Super ditto ditto ..... „ | 60 | |
| BADHAM'S | Fine French Cambric Shirts ..... „ | 65 | |
| BADHAM'S | "Indian Shirts"—A mixture of Flax and Cotton. The material specially adapted for wear in this country, absorbs, perspiration and will not shrink ..... each | 7 | |
| BADHAM'S | Wove Flannel Shirts ..... ..... | 9 | |
| BADHAM'S | Silk and Wool Shirts ..... ..... | 9½ | |

SLEEPING SUITS.

| | | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| BADHAM'S | Celebrated Wove Flannel ..... | 18 |
| BADHAM'S | Ditto Silk and Wool ..... | 20 |
| BADHAM'S | Ditto Spun Silk ..... | 25 |

HOSIERY.

| | | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| BADHAM'S | Fine Brown Cotton Socks ..... | 1½ | |
| BADHAM'S | Superfine ditto ..... | 2 | |
| BADHAM'S | Balbriggan ..... | 2½ | |
| BADHAM'S | Fine Lisle Thread ..... | 2 | |
| BADHAM'S | Ditto ditto Striped ..... | 2½ | |
| BADHAM'S | Coloured Merino ½ Hose plain and striped ..... | 15 | to 18 |
| BADHAM'S | Superfine ditto ..... | 18 | to 25 |
| BADHAM'S | Scotch Lambswool and heavy Woollen Ribbed Knicker Bocker Stockings for shooting, &c. ..... per pair | 6 | |
| BADHAM'S | Celebrated India Gauze Vests ... each | 5½ | to 6½ |
| BADHAM'S | Fine Gauze Vests ..... ..... | 3½ | to 4½ |
| BADHAM'S | Summer Merino ditto ..... | 5 | to 5½ |
| BADHAM'S | Grey Merino ditto ..... | 5½ | to 6½ |
| BADHAM'S | Scotch Lambswool Shirts ..... | 7½ | |
| BADHAM'S | India Gauze Pants ..... | 9 | |
| BADHAM'S | Grey Merino ditto ..... | 7½ | |
| BADHAM'S | Super Merino ditto ..... | 6½ | |

COLLARS.

All the new shapes in Stock.

| | Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|
| The "Pall Mall," "Shakspeare" "West End," "Jack," "Oxford," "Regent," "Sans," and "Grosvenor," per doz. | 7 | 0 |
| Dux with Tie, Olympic do. | 7 | 8 |

POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS.

All hemmed and washed, ready for use.

| | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Scotch Lawn Handkerchiefs ..... per doz. | 5 | |
| Scotch Lawn Handkerchiefs, coloured borders, „ | 6 | |
| White Irish Cambric ..... „ | 10 | to 25 |
| White Irish Cambric, coloured borders..... „ | 10½ | |
| Fine French Cambric with coloured borders and hemstitched ..... „ | 24 | |
| Ladies' fine Cambric, hemstitched ..... „ | 10 | to 15 |

SCARVES AND TIES.

| | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| The "Duke" or Sailor's Knot Scarf in immense variety | 2½ | to 3 |
| Fancy Roman Scarves for Knot or Ring... ..... | 2½ | to 4 |
| Black and coloured Ties Tipped ..... each... | 1 | |
| Black and coloured Ties Elington ..... „ | 1½ | to 1½ |

UMBRELLAS AND WALKING STICKS.

A large and good assortment of the above.

| | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Umbrellas ..... ..... ..... | 10 | to 16 |
| Walking Sticks ..... ..... ..... | 1 | to 6 |

JEWELLERY.

| | Rs. | |
|---|---|---|
| Fine gold Collar Studs ..... ..... each | 8 | |
| Fine gold Front Studs ..... ..... per set | 12 | to 45 |
| Fine gold Links ..... ..... „ | 18 | to 30 |
| Fine gold Solitaires ..... ..... „ | 15 | to 35 |

Lundel's Jewellery in great variety, Gold on Ivory.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Collar Studs ..... ..... ..... each | 2½ | |
| Front Studs ..... ..... ..... per set | 5 | |
| Solitaires ..... ..... ..... per pair | 5 | to 10 |

TOWELS, LINENS, &c.

| | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Hand Towels ..... ..... ..... | 1 | to 1½ |
| Royal Turkish Bath Towels... ..... „ | 25 | to 32 |
| Brown Turkish Bath Towels... ..... „ | 25 | |

Damask Table Cloths and Napkins of different sizes

BADHAM'S OVERLAND TRUNKS,
Of superior make.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| 27 Inches Flat Top ..... | 26 |
| 30 Inches Flat Top ..... | 28 |
| 33 Inches Flat Top ..... | 31 |
| 36 Inches Flat Top ..... | 33 |

The above of the Regulation size.

SOLID LEATHER TRUNKS.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| 27 Inches ..... ..... ..... | 65 |
| 30 Inches ..... ..... ..... | 70 |
| 33 Inches ..... ..... ..... | 75 |

LADIES' FRANKLIN TRUNKS, Fitted with Tray, &c.

| | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| 33 Inches ..... | Rs. 45 | 36 Inches ..... 50 |

A large stock of Courier Bags, Leather Hand Bags, &c.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| varying in price from ..... | 5 | to 35 |
| Canvas Clothes Bags... ..... ..... | 54 | to 65 |

RAILWAY RUGS, &c.

| | Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|
| All sizes and qualities ..... ..... | 12 | to 40 |
| Scarlet Blankets ..... ..... per pair | 25 | |
| Rug Straps ..... ..... ..... | 2 | to 3½ |

HAT DEPARTMENT.

| | Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|
| LINCOLN and BENNETT'S Black Silk Hats ..... | 16 | 0 |
| LINCOLN and BENNETT'S Drab Shells ex. quality ... | 12 | 0 |
| ELLWOOD'S PARIS HATS— | | |
| Elgington ..... ..... | 14 | 9 |
| Falkland ..... ..... | | |
| Sandon ..... ..... | | |
| ELLWOOD'S DRAB SHELLS— | | |
| Elgington ..... ..... | 20 | 0 |
| Falkland ..... ..... | | |
| Sandon ..... ..... | | |
| BLACK FELT HATS— | | |
| Shapes—"Brunswick" (soft), "Cantab" Norman, "Worthing," "Iris," "Chester" "Ascot," | 7 | 8 |
| Tyrol Hats ..... ..... ..... | 8 | 8 |
| Soft Felt Hats ..... ..... ..... | 8 | 8 |
| Travelling Hats or Caps in great variety ... | 4 | 0 to 6 0 |

HELMETS.

| | Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|
| The Regulation Cork Helmet ..... ..... | 15 | 0 |
| Patent Air Chamber Hunting Covered White ..... | 15 | 0 |
| Drab do. do. do. ..... | 15 | 0 |

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

An entire new Stock of Fancy Angolas, Coatings, Vestings, Riding Cords, &c., have just been opened.

IMPORTANT CLEARANCE SALE of MILLINERY FOR APPROACHING CHRISTMAS WEAR.

Messrs. DOSSAJEE ESMALJEE & Co

## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

### SHARE MARKET.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

MARKET for Land, Bank and Spinning shares closed active.

### BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

#### BANKS.

| number of Shares. | Nomi. value per sh. | Paid up. | Last divi-dend | Names. | Cash Rates per Share. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. p. a. | | | |
| 100,000 | 100 | all | 8 p.ct. | Agra Bank | 100 |
| 20,000 | 1,000 | all | 9 p.ct. | Bank of Bengal | 1,450 |
| 10,000 | 500 | all | 8 p.ct. | Ditto of Bombay New | 0(2) |
| 10,000 | 500 | 100 | 6 do. | Ditto 2nd Ses. Issue | 167½ |
| 5,000 | 1,000 | all | 12 p.ct. | Ditto of Madras | 1,600 |
| 80,000 | 25 | all | 8 p.ct. | Chartered Mercantile Bk. of I. L. & China | 250 |
| 9,000 | 375 | all | 12 p.ct. | Hong. & Shanghai Bank | 870 |
| 4,000 | 200 | all | nil | Chartered Bk. of I. & C. | 150 |
| 37,000 | 100 | 12½ | 0 p.ct. | National Bank of India | 112 |
| 14,000 | 250 | all | 12 do. | Oriental Bank | 425 |

#### SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 400 | 2,000 | 1,700 | 50 | Albert Mills Co. | 1,350 |
| 500 | 2,000 | all | 125 p.c. | Allianee Spinning | 2,400 |
| 100 | 5,000 | all | ... | Bombay | 3,000 |
| 300 | 1,000 | all | 25* | Bombay United | 965 |
| 90 | 150 | 150 | ... | Brooch Mills | 2 0 |
| 900 | 150 | 50 | ... | Do. New | 110 |
| 800 | 5,000 | all | ... | Dhurumsey Spinning | 2,175 |
| 750 | 2,000 | all | 15 p.c. | Great Eastern | 1,715 |
| 2,300 | 1,000 | all | 97 p.c. | Manockji Petit's | 1,035 |
| 300 | 1,500 | all | 80 p.c. | Oriental | 2,160 |
| 600 | 1,500 | 2,900 | ... | Royal | 1,700 |

*Per share for the half-year.

#### LAND COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,000 | 5,000 | all | Rs. 70 | Colaba Land Co. | 1,580 |
| 5,000 | 100 | all | | Prize Land & Pier Co. Ld. | 168 |
| 1,750 | 2,000 | 2,250 | Nil | Mazagon Land | 980 |
| 2,000 | 2,000 | 1,400 | Nil | Fort Canning | 265 |

#### RAILWAY COMPANIES.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ... | £20 | 218.2.6 | p.c. | G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock | 237 |
| ... | £20 | 109.15.0 | do. | Do. New £20 shares | 118 |
| ... | £10 | 4.10.0 | do. | Do. | ... |
| ... | £10 | 4,000 | do. | B. B. & C. I. Railway Co. | 1,100 |
| ... | £15 | 198.5.3 | do. | Do. New Shares | 200 |

#### PRESS COMPANIES

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 150 | 3,000 | 2,850 | 250p. | Akbar Cotton Press Co. | 2,300 |
| 200 | 2,000 | 1,100 | 75do. | Albert Co. Kurrachee | 680 |
| 750 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 150 | Alexandre Press Co. | 980 |
| 150 | 12,000 | 11,000 | 200do. | Apollo Press Co. | 7,000 |
| 200 | 2,000 | all | 265do. | Bombay Press Co. | 2,150 |
| 300 | 500 | all | 200do. | Do. New | 525 |
| 500 | 4,000 | all | 900do. | Colaba Press Co. | 6,500 |
| 250 | 2,000 | all | ... | East-India Press Co. | 3,500 |
| 150 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 100 | Fort Press Co. | 9,100 |
| 300 | 1,000 | 1,000 | ... | Framji Cowasji Press | 950 |
| 200 | 5,000 | all | Nil. | Hydraulic Press Co. | 2,275 |
| 300 | 2,000 | 1,200 | 150 | Imperial Press Co. | 1,300 |
| 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 120 p.c. | Kurrachee Press Co. | 850 |
| 2,000 | 400 | 80 | 35 p.c. | Motive Press & C. Co. | 350 |
| 125 | 1,500 | all | 250* | Prince of Wales Press | 2,400 |
| 22 | 1,000 | 750 | 75 p.c. | Victoria Press, Madras | 1,000 |
| 150 | 2,000 | all | 150 p.c. | Tinnevelly Press Co. | 1,150 |
| 400 | 1,200 | all | ... | Carwar Company | 600 |

*Per share for the half-year.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ... | 2,500 | 1,500 | 75 p.c. | Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation | 825 |
| 1,000 | 50 | all | 50p. | Mechanics' B'ld'g Co. | 30 |
| 500 | 1,000 | 30 | 21 p.c. | Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Company | 170 |
| 3,000 | 500 | all | 25 p.c. | Treacher & Co. | 400 |

#### BANKS IN LIQUIDATION.

| | | Date of Liquidation. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ... | 500 | 75 | Jan. '66 | Bank of Bombay |
| | 25 | 19½ | | Do. China |
| | 250 | ... | Mar. '66 | Central Bank |
| | 200 | 10 | Feb. '67 | East India Bank's |
| | 200 | 88½ | May '67 | Indian Peninsula |
| | | | | Royal Bank |

#### COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ... | 5,200 | 2,375 | Nov. '66 | Back Bay Co. |
| | 7,500 | 1,44 | | B'bay & Bengal S. S. |
| | 5,000 | 2,700 | ... | Bombay Sh |

#### EXCHANGE.

| On | Terms. | Rate |
|---|---|---|
| London | At sight | 1s. 10 5/16d. |
| London Banks | 6 months' sight | 1s. 10 11/16d. |
| Do. Credits | do. do. | 1s. 10½d. |
| Do. Documents | 6 do. do. | 1s. 11d. |
| Calcutta | At sight | 100 ⅛ |
| Do. | 20 days' sight | 100 per ₹ |
| Do. | 60 days' sight | 99½d. |
| Madras | At sight | 99⅛ |
| Do. | 30 days' sight | 99¼ |
| China | 60 Do. do. | 228 |

#### GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Five-and-a-half percent | 113 |
| Five per cent | 106 |
| Four per cent | 97 |
| Four & half per cent. (Public Works Loan) | 103 |
| Five per cent Debenture Loan 1866-67 | 103 |
| 15 years' Debenture Loans | 108 |
| 10 years' do. do. | 106 |
| 5 years' do. do. | 103 |
| Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate | 115 |
| Do. Do. Market Rate | 116 |

#### BANK OF BOMBAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Government Securities | 4 per cent |
| Mercantile Bills | 6 ,, |

#### PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sovereign each | Rs. 10-6 |
| Bank of England Notes | ,, 10-4 |
| Carolus | ,, 290 |
| Mexican Dollars | ,, 220 |
| Five-Franc Pieces | ,, 209 |
| Bar Silver | ,, 106-1 |
| Gold Leaf | ,, 15-1 |
| Bar Gold 10 os. English | ,, 16 |
| Australian Gold | ,, 196 |

### CALCUTTA—26TH NOVEMBER 1870.

The following transactions were reported to-day:—

In Government Securities:—

4 per cents at Rs. 98, or 2 discount, and small pieces at Rs. 98-2, or 1-14 discount.

5 per cents of 1856-57, at Rs. 106-12.

5½ per cents, at Rs. 113-12.

In shares:—

National Bank shares, at Rs 119, exclusive of the dividend.

Ex-6 Indian Railway Stock at Rs 290 per £20.

The R. Scott Thomson & Co., Limited, declared an ad-interim dividend of Rs. 15 per share for the half-year ended 30th September 1870 payable on and after 25th November 1870.

—*Englishman.*

## MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 1.

Bradish, Major, Bengal late 106th Foot, proceeding to Europe, from Meerut.

Ryves, Lieutenant, Bombay 2nd Grenadiers, on leave, from Poona.

Long, Assistant Surgeon, Bombay Staff Corps, from furlough, from England.

Stevens, Captain, Madras 4th Light Cavalry, from furlough, from England.

Kilgour, Lieutenant, Bengal 5th Fusiliers, on duty, from England.

Barnard, Lieutenant, Bombay Barrack Department, from medical certificate, from England.

Lawder Ensign, Bengal 96th Regiment, on duty, from England.

Glover, Ensign, Bombay Medical Department, from sick leave, from England.

Beanwell, Captain, Bombay Staff Corps, on duty, from Dwarka.

M'Causland, Captain, Madras 79th Highlanders, from leave, from England.

Norton, Cornet, Bengal 8th Lancers, on duty, from England.

Reaves, Captain, Bengal late 14th Regiment, on halfpay, from London, N. W. P.

Nicholetts, Ensign, Bengal 18th Regiment, on duty, from England.

Greenway, Ensign, Bengal 39th Regiment, on duty, from England.

King, Lieutenant, Madras 2-16th Foot, on duty, from England.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 1.

Plowden, Captain, Madras Army, on medical certificate, to England.

Adam, Captain, 22nd Regiment N. I., on leave, to Malligaum.

Peters, Assistant Surgeon, Bombay Army, on duty, to Vingorla.

## BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters,

Poona, 30th November, 1870.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

20th Hussars.—Cornet C. W. Heenan, to England, overland, from date of departure, to appear before a medical board.

Royal Artillery.—Assistant Surgeon J. Witt (C Battery 18th Brigade), to England, overland, from date of departure, to appear before a medical board.

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. Sanler (18th Brigade), from 21st October 1870 to 21st April 1871, to England, on medical certificate.

1st Foot (2nd Battalion).—Major G. Rowland, to England, overland, from date of departure, to appear before a medical board.

5th Foot (1st Battalion).—Ensign C. M. LeBreton, to England, overland, from date of departure, to appear before a medical board.

8th Foot (1st Battalion).—Assistant Surgeon H. J. O'Brien, to England, overland, from date of departure, to appear before a medical board.

20th Foot.—Assistant Surgeon J. A. G. O'Brien, M. D., to Bombay, from 12th November to 30th November 1870, on medical certificate.

106th Foot.—Lieutenant C. L. Heathcote, to England, overland, from date of departure, to appear before a medical board.

1st Sind Horse.—Major J. Gordon, from 29th October to 1st November 1870, in extension, to enable him to rejoin.

General List.—Captain M. H. Nicolson, attached to 27th N. I., for 6 months, from date of departure, on private affairs.

## BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, December 1.)

Bombay Castle, 24th November 1870.

Lieutenant L. K. Scott, R.E., Executive Engineer, Delhi Division, is allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate, for the purpose of appearing before a Medical Board in England, under the furlough Regulations of 1868.

The undermentioned officers are allowed furlough to Europe for two years, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868:—

Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Dwyer, Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Taylor, Bengal Staff Corps.

Ensign L. A. F. Macleod, 1st Battalion 7th Foot, is admitted to the Staff Corps, on probation.

The following Medical Officers are brought on the strength of the British Troops in this Presidency from the 8th November 1870, the date of their arrival at Bombay:—

Staff Surgeon T. K. Birnie, M. D.

Staff Assistant Surgeon W. S. Dudley.

The undermentioned Medical Officers are brought on the strength of the Bombay Medical Establishment from the 7th November 1870, the date of their arrival at Bombay:—

Assistant Surgeon Francis Jones.

Assistant Surgeon Thomas Stephenson Weir.

Referring to G. G. O. No. 150 of 1870, it is to be understood that Hoodi Verdurt Pas is not admissible to Havildars and Naiques of the Coorgrat Mountain Train.

Consequent on the return of Colonel H. W. Holland, C. B., Deputy Commissary General, from furlough, the following reversions are made in the Commissariat Department from the 5th November 1870:—

Colonel A. W. Lucas, C. B., Acting Deputy Commissary General, to revert to the grade of Assistant Commissary General 1st class.

Major C. F. Keays, Acting Assistant Commissary General 1st class, to revert to the grade of Assistant Commissary General 2nd class.

Captain J. B. Fenwick, Acting Assistant Commissary General 2nd class, to revert to the grade of Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 1st class.

Captain E. S. Ottrehen, Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 1st class, to revert to the grade of Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd class.

Captain J. S. D. Bolton, Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd class, to revert to the grade of Acting Sub-Assistant Commissary General 1st class.

The undermentioned officers are allowed furlough to Europe for two years, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868:—

Captain F. Smith, General List, Bengal Infantry.

Captain E. P. Gurdon Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant C. M. A. Morant, General List, Madras Cavalry.

Lieutenant-Colonel D. Briggs, Bengal Staff Corps, is allowed furlough to Europe, on medical certificate, for the purpose of appearing before a medical board in England, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon A. Adey and Assistant Surgeon H. DeTatham respectively delivered over and received charge of the medical duties of the Kutch Agency on 23rd November 1870, after office hours.

Major J. H. W. Tason, Third Political Assistant in Kattywar, returned from furlough to Europe, and resumed charge of his duties on the 17th November 1870.

Mr. H. F. Aston, C.S., has been placed under the Political Agent in Kattywar.

The services of Major General Sir E. L. Russell, K.C.S.I., Political Resident at Aden, are, at his own request, placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Abdool Kurim Akhoond Shadee, Head Moonshee of Talooka Soojawul, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the second class in the Shikarpoor district.

Azum Vittul Sadasow Joshee, first Carcoon of Talooka Mungaon, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the second class in the Colaba district.

Mr. G. W. Anderson, appointed to act as First Assistant to the Collector of Khandeish, is invested with the powers of a Magistrate in the Khandeish district.

Azum Muncharam Boolakhidass, Acting Thanadar of Dhollera, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the second class in the Ahmedabad district.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. R. Middleton has been appointed Supernumerary Assistant to the Collector of Dharwar from the 14th inst.

Mr. W. M. Salmon, Acting Collector of Ratnagherry, is allowed furlough to proceed to Europe for a period of six months, under Chapter I. of the Covenanted Civil Service Furlough Rules of 1868, and preparatory leave for ten days.

Mr. G. W. Anderson to act as First Assistant to the Collector of Khandeish during the absence of Mr. Pritchard on special duty.

Mr. A. C. Trevor, Acting First Assistant Collector, Sattara, is allowed furlough for twenty months, from January next, under Chapter I. of the Covenanted Civil Service Furlough Rules of 1868, and preparatory leave for thirty days.

Mr. John Story has been appointed General Manager of the Government Customs Warehouse Department at Bombay.

Mr. H. B. Boswell, Collector and Magistrate of Ratnagherry, having returned to Bombay on the 20th instant, the unexpired portion of the furlough to Europe for twenty months, granted to him on the 22nd February 1869, is cancelled.

Mr. Boswell is allowed subsidiary leave to rejoin his appointment at Ratnagherry for a period not exceeding thirty days, under Section 11 of the Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules of 1868.

Mr. Byramjee Dadabhoy, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month.

Mr. Keshow Knoshaba Acharya, the Sub-Registrar of Mandvee, t. office as Re t trar of Joint Stock Companies during Mr. Byramjee Dadabhoy's absence.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The following gentlemen have passed the prescribed examination in the languages set opposite their names:—

Lieutenant J. L. Fegen, Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey, Southern Mahratta Country, Gujarathi.

Mr T. Taylor, Assistant Master, Deccan High School, Mr. C. Paradise, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Kandeish, and Mr. J. B. Morgan, Supernumerary Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey, Tanna and Ahmednagherry, Marathi.

Lieutenant H. J. Rawle, Supernumerary Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey, Southern Mahratta Country, Hindustani, according to the higher standard.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Rao Saheb Mohanlal Runchordass acted as Educational Inspector, Northern Division, from 13th September to 5th November 1870, both days inclusive, in addition to his own duties as Deputy Educational Inspector, Surat Sub-Division.

## SHIPPING.

DAILY FREIGHT REPORT—1ST DECEMBER.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| London | Cotton | £2 0s. 0d. | p. ton |
| | Cases | £2 0s. 0d. to £2 5s. 0d. | ,, |
| | Seeds | £1 5s. 0d. | ,, |
| Liverpool | Iron Ships Cotton | £1 12s. 6d. to £1 15s. 0d. | ,, |
| | Wooden Ships ,, | £1 12s. 6d. to £1 15s. 0d. | ,, |
| | Myrabolans & Colr bills | £0 7s. 6d. to £0 10s. 0d. | ,, |
| | Seeds | £0 15s. 0d. | ,, |
| Havre | Cotton | No ship loading | |
| | Coffee | | |
| Overland | Steamers | £2 10s. 0d. to £2 12s. 6d. | |
| Liverpool via Suez Canal | | £2 5s. 0d. | |
| China | Steamer Cotton | Rs. 6 to 7 per bale. | |
| | Opium | Rs. 25 to 30 per chest. | |
| | Sailing Ships | Rs. 3 per bale. | |
| Calcutta | Salt | Rs. 2 8 0 to 3 0 0 per ton. | |
| Calcutta to Bombay | | Rs. 15 and Calcutta Port charges | |
| Mauritius | | 8 annas to 10 p. bag nominal | |

ARRIVALS.

| Dec. | Vessel. | Commander. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Sir J. R. Carnac (s). | Batlin | Goa, Nov. 29. |
| | Brazilian | Green | Liverpool, Nov. 11. |

DEPARTURES.

| Dec. | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Euphrates (s) | Hutchison | Liverpool. |
| | Victoria Bridge | Lowry | Calcutta. |
| | Capteen (s) | Morrison | Cutch. |
| | General Havelock (s) | Drewitz | Coast and Goa. |

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Ship Hawarden Castle, Jones, to Diamond Island.

Ship William Stewart, Cock, to the Andamans.

The following vessels began to load yesterday—

Steamer Sir J. R. Carnac, to Malabar Coast and Goa.

Steamer Paraguay, to Liverpool.

THE HOOGHLY.

ARRIVALS

Nov.

25 Alabama ..... Harrison ..... Moulmein, Nov. 9.

East ..... Callander ... Moulmein, Nov. 11.

27 Penang ..... McKirdy ..... Singapore, Nov. 3.

Louisa ..... Robiquet ..... Bourbon, Oct. 15.

28 Roodee ..... London.

DEPARTURE.

Nov.

26 Athol ..... —

## DAILY IMPORTS.—1ST DECEMBER.

FROM LONDON.

Burmah, 14 cases hardware, A. Sumutjee; 3 cases silver plate glass, E. Noorbhoy.

Paraguay, 4 cases cochineal, D. Gopaldass.

Sir John Lawrence, 65 barrels sulphate of copper, Tajpall Cama.

Michael Angelo, 2 cases sealing wax, Payne & Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Burmah, 12 crates earthenware, B. Bhima; 12 crates earthenware, V. Talub.

Evening Star, 159 boxes bar soap, H. A. Sukeeladhan.

## DAILY EXPORTS.—1ST DECEMBER.

FOR LONDON.

Saladin, 50 cases olibanum, Mooljeebhoy Jewraz; 148 cases olibanum, Cassumbhoy Nanjee.

Parana, 126 cases olibanum, Mooljeebhoy Jewraz; 8 bales cow hide, Peerbhoy Aseer.

Baroda (s), 13 cases peacock feathers, Rahimtoola Caderbhoy; 49 cases olives, Mooljee Jewraz; 29 bales skins, Chinee Esmail; 3 bundles silk, Hajee Essee Elias; 13 packages fishmaws, Ludhabhoy Eujbhaly.

FOR SUEZ.

Baroda (s), 1 bundle shawls, Hajee Mirza Shuffee Mirkee.

FOR TRIESTE.

Baroda (s), 50 bales cotton, W. Nicol & Co.

Victoria Cross, 24 bales cotton, Heerachund Cupoorchund; 109 bales cotton, Amerchund Dhoadiram; 50 bales wool, Ramdass Vussonjee.

Gitana, 38 bales cotton, Mooljee Velljee & Co.; 2 bales cotton, Welljee Govindjee; 61 bales wool, Bhimjee Cadjee; 123 bales cotton, Gu eshdass Nursingdass.

Caranjah, 43 bales cotton, Veerchand D epchand.

North Tyne (s), 75 bales cotton, Bechardass Ambaidass.

Balkamah, 51 bales cotton, Ramdass Wurjee.

Paraguay (s), 580 packages wet dates, M. Jewraz and S. Khakoo.

FOR HONGKONG.

Malacca (s), 3 bales Grey T. cloth, Esmail Moosaji & Co.; 99 bales cotton, W. Nicol & Co.; 99 bundles and 3 cases sharkfins and 3 cases fishmaws, Moolam Hussen Nanjee; 44 bales cotton, Nundram Bhojraj; 81 bales cotton, Nuthumul Geverdhundass; 134 bales cotton, Hajee Ali Akbar; 20 bales cotton, Ludhakhoy Dattoo; 40 bales twist, Hajee Adam Esmail & Co.; 39 bags soowa and 11 bags funnel, Peerbhoy Nuthoo; 100 packages raisins, Sorabjee Nusserwanjee.

## POSTAL NOTICES.

### OVERLAND MAILS.

The Overland Mails per P. and O. Co.'s Steam Packets will, until further notice, leave Bombay on every Saturday at 5-30 P.M.

The Mails will be closed at the General Post Office at 2 P.M.

The after packet at 3 A.M.

After packet letters will not be forwarded unless an eight anna stamp is affixed to the letter in addition to the postage.

Registered letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 1 P.M.

The latest hour for posting Overland covers at the several Branch Post Offices will be 1-30 P.M.

Late letters will be received at the Pier Post Office till 4-30 P.M.

### CHINA MAILS.

The Post Office Packets for Ceylon, Penang, [Singapore, and Hongkong, per P. & O. Company's steamer, will be closed on Thursdays, December 8 and 22. (Packet will be closed on December 8 at 9 A.M., after packet at 10 P.M.)


# BOMBAY DIOCESAN BOARD OF EDUCATION

BUILDING AND ENDOWMENT FUND.

A PUBLIC MEETING, on behalf of the FUND, will be held in the TOWN HALL, on MONDAY, December 5, 1870, at 5 P.M., the Lord Bishop of Bombay, President, in the Chair.

The Meeting will be addressed by the Right Reverend the Metropolitan and others.

The attendance of all persons interested in the Education of European and Indo-European Children is requested.

G. C. REYNELL, Hon. Secretary.

Bombay, 30th November 1870.

# OVERLAND ROUTE VIA BRINDISI.

Commencing with the Mail leaving Bombay on the 10th December, the STEAMERS of the Peninsular and Oriental Company WILL RUN to BRINDISI instead of Marseilles.

Passage-money, first class.....Rs. 700 (to Alexandria or transit).

Ditto second class.. „ 460 (through Egypt).

GEORGE F. HENRY,
Superintendent.

P. & O. Company's Office, 3 Rampart Row.


## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS ONE RUPEE, AND THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

### EUROPE.

BIRTH.

HERRING—November 24th, at Cheltenham, the wife of Charles Herring, Esq., of a daughter.

### BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

FERGUSON—November 28th, at Ahmedabad, the wife of John Dempster Ferguson, Esq., Executive Engineer for Irrigation of a daughter.

DEATH.

CORDEAUX—November 30th, at Tanna, Catherine, wife of Edward Cordeaux, C.S., aged 26.

### BENGAL.

BIRTHS.

CLAGUE—November 25th, at Calcutta, the wife of Mr. Philip Egerton Clague, of a son.

CRICHTON—November 26th, at Fort William, the wife of Captain Crichton, R.E., of a son.

PITTAR—November 24th, at No. 7, Council House Street, the wife of C. F. Pittar, Esq., of a daughter.

DEATH.

KING—November 25th, at No. 33, Theatre Road, Calcutta, Amelia Mary, the beloved wife of Robert William King, and daughter of the late Rear Admiral Rowland Money, C.B.

### MADRAS.

BIRTH.

RIDLEY—November 25th, the wife of W. Ridley, Esq., Executive Engineer, Madras Irrigation and Canal Co., of a daughter.

DEATH.

HEARN—November 26th, at Madras, of malarious fever, Charles John Montgomerie, the infant son of Major G. S. Hearn, Madras Staff Corps, aged 11 months and 10 days.


## NOTICE.

All CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittance, sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

All communications respecting advertisements should be addressed to the "Advertisement Department."

*Bombay Gazette* Office, Bombay.

# The Bombay Gazette.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1870.


THE simultaneous effort of the Paris Garrison and the Army of the Loire was made on Monday. In both instances the French were the assailants, in itself almost a novelty; and in both cases defeat followed. The sorties from Paris were made on several points, and seem to have been very easily repelled; but the battle on the Fontainebleau road was more stoutly contested; the French began with an advantage, and for some time the German Tenth Corps stood on the defensive. The aim of the French was plainly to turn the German left, defeat the succours in succession as they arrived, and then march on Paris; but the German Corps assailed stood its ground, the turning movement failed, and reinforcements coming into action, the French were driven off the field of battle. Whether there was any pursuit or not does not appear, nor is it stated that the French retired across the Loire. They claim the victory, but the later reports from Versailles positively assert that they were completely defeated. More encounters must follow; for despite this complete defeat, it is plain that the Army of the Loire still subsisted as an army, and took new ground. The Army of the North, it seems, was driven off to Arras, on the road to Lille. These engagements bring us nearer the inevitable result—the dispersion of the armies in the field and the fall of Paris. On the 20th of December three months provisions will have been consumed.

THE death of the Rajah of Kolapore in a distant land, beyond the dark water, will be regarded as a victory by the bigots, as a great discouragement by the liberal princes, and as a grave misfortune by those who believe that the native rulers of India benefit by visits to the kingdoms of the Western world. Although death is truly a blessing in disguise, one cannot but lament when the young or the loved or the capable die, not so much for their sakes as for the sake of those who survive. In the case of the Rajah of Kolapore, on purely public grounds, we have ample reason for genuine sorrow. Here was a well-conditioned, instructed prince, carefully trained in habits of business, and, from his training, imbued with liberal views. European culture had been, in his case, successfully grafted on an oriental stock, and he had escaped the usual fate of native chiefs—the education of the zenana. Gentle and docile, he took kindly to self-culture, and was much interested in the public duties, which, we all hoped, he would one day begin to perform. He was really desirous of travelling in the famed Western world, and especially desired to see the land of that people whose children have made so large a part of India their own. He had had a singularly successful tour; had seen London and the Mother of Parliaments, and the gracious lady who was his sovereign; he had travelled into the far kindly north, and into the green island; and had reached the present capital of sunny Italy on his way home. No doubt he would have returned with a mind enlarged by a varied, if superficial experience, and he would have settled down to his work under conditions rarely enjoyed by native rulers. The experiment would have been most interesting, for we should have seen, so far as one instance could show it, how far a generous training tends to improve the character of a native ruler. It is because death has frustrated the experiment on the eve of the testing process, that we most regret the loss of this promising young chief; and on this ground we regard it as a real political misfortune. The amount of discouragement inflicted on others who may have longings for western travel, is of no importance at all compared with the abrupt ending of a great experiment. It was thought that some trouble might arise out of the succession; but the Ranee has the right to adopt, and of course she will be permitted to exercise the right by a just Government.

THERE is some reason to fear that the proposed "decentralization of the finances" is virtually only a proposed decentralization of the odium which, by excessive taxation, the Government of India has justly drawn upon itself. All the Governments proposes to do is to reduce the income-tax and reduce the grants to the local Governments by proportionate amounts and leave the said Governments to make up the amount by local taxation. In return an independence, clogged with stringent conditions, carefully arranged in order to fine the independence away into a negative quantity, is to be granted to these poor Governments. Result: transfer of the odium of taxation from the Supreme Government, now writhing under it, to the shoulders of Governors in Council; that is, if the said Governors in Council thought fit to incur any odium by keeping up the amount of taxation to its present excessive pitch of pressure. Practically, therefore, the plan is similar to that hinted at by Mr. John Strachey—the retention by the Supreme Government of full and direct control over imperial taxation and expenditure, pretty nearly as it stands, minus about 2 per cent. of the income tax, the onus of making up the difference being forced on subordinates by the withdrawal of a large part of the grants. This is not only peddling, it is, of course, unintentionally, an attempt to practice a deception on the public; since the amount of taxation dr. ged from the people would be pretty nearly the same as it is under the present plan; while, in return, no independence, worthy the name, would be conferred on the subordinate administrations. *If* as the *Pioneer* hints, the local Governments have received the plan favourably, they must have been impelled thereto by a desire to escape, anyhow, from the intolerable nuisance of the subsisting mode of transacting business, and not by any love for the suggested scheme itself. We doubt whether *all* have taken a favourable view, or agfeed to exchange their old lamp for a new one. Bombay already levies a very large sum by local taxation. Madras has tried and has failed, and how can Madras relish the prospect of exacting new imposts in the face of the failure which attended the Local Funds and Town Improvement Bills? We are told that the opium surplus may render the introduction of the projected sham decentralization easier,—but the opium surplus is still an agreeable anticipation, not an accomplished fact; and what sort of financial statesmanship is that which bases its measures and reforms on such a quicksand as the opium revenue? As evidence that the Supreme Government is not easy in its mind under the sharp and deserved attacks of all classes and conditions mulcted of hard earnings by the tax-gatherer, we welcome the proposal. It might be prudent, perhaps, to accept it, providing it were capable of being used as an engine wherewith to win a real reform. But we hold this to be doubtful. As to the plan itself we hold it to be an impostor going privately about under the *alias* of "Decentralization of the Finances," and we hope he will not be able to emerge from the state of docket and pigeon-hole, save as a Parliamentary Paper.

WE understand that Major-General Tremenhere, now Engineer in Chief, will be appointed Resident at Aden in succession to Major-General Sir Edward Russell, K.C.S.I., whose services, it will be seen, have been placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

It is understood that Sir Edward Russell will be appointed to the command of the Northern Division.

What arrangement will be made in Bombay respecting the office of Engineer in Chief is still uncertain; but it is not impossible that the duties may devolve upon Colonel Fuller, R. E.

MR. G. C. PAUL, the Barrister, has been raised to a puisne Judgeship in the Calcutta High Court.

THE Government of India has ruled that an officer taking leave on private affairs or sick leave in India, for *any* period for three years' consecutively, will, under Rule XXV. of the furlough regulations of 1868, be liable to forfeiture of his appointment.

MAJOR-GENERAL SIR GEORGE MALCOLM, K.C.B., with his staff left Mhow on the 22nd, and will be at the following stations on the dates specified—Sehore, 30th November; Augur, 8th December; Mehidpore, 14th; Neemuch, 4th January; Nusseerabad, 2nd February. From Nusseerabad the General returns to Mhow direct.

A RESOLUTION of the local Government, dated 22nd Oct. 1870, intimates that absentees being prohibited (*vide* Government of India's resolution of 17th May 1870) from drawing grain compensation, when the permanent incumbent would be entitled to grain compensation, the substitute appointed to act may also be allowed it.

## THE FALMOUTH-MALTA CABLE.

WE are sorry to learn that the Gibraltar-Lisbon section of the Falmouth-Malta Cable is interrapted.

Messages for England go to Gibraltar, thence by land line from St. Roque to Lisbon, and thence by cable.

Two other routes are available, viz., via Marseiles, Bordeaux and Calais, and via Italy.

## P. AND O. Co.'s STEAMERS TO BRINDISI.

To run weekly steamers now to and from Marseilles is next to useless, and we are glad to intimate that the P. and O. Company has determined to take its steamers from the Marseilles line and to run them instead between Alexandria and Brindisi. This arrangement will come into force with the mail which leaves Bombay on the 10th inst, and the rates for passage from Bombay to Brindisi will be,—first class, Rs. 700; second class, Rs. 460. The mails have for the last month been forwarded from Alexandria to Brindisi in the steamers of the Adriatico Orientale Company; but now that the P. and O. Company have determined to run their vessels to Brindisi the carriage of the mails will probably pass into the old hands.

## PASSENGERS FROM LIVERPOOL.

THE s. s. Brazilian, 1,809 tons, Captain W. G. Green, arrived yesterday from Liverpool via the Suez Canal with a general cargo and the following passengers:—

From Liverpool—Ensign T. Lawder, 66th Foot, Ensign T. Greenway, 26th Foot, Ensign C. Nicholetts, 39th Foot, Lieutenant W. A. King, 19th Foot, Cornet Norton, 8th Lancers, Lieutenant Kilgour, 5th Foot, Miss Mary Lillie, Mr C. B. Graham, Mrs Broughton and child, Mr R. Clark, Captain W. H. Cousland, 79th Foot, Mr W. Jenkyns, Mr H. Reid, Mr G. T. Powell, Mr G. H. A. Powell, Mr Ogg, Mr G. W. Ferrier, Mr Treglohow, Mrs Parker, Mr Garlick, Mr and Mrs John Smith, Mr Stamp, lady and child, Mr S. B. Smith, Mr J. Walton, Mrs Laundary, Mr Feilden, Mr M. A. J. McCleig, Mrs Gurr and two children, Mrs T. Glover, lady and four children, Mr Ross Andrews, Captain J. McKay, Mr Phillip Jacob, Mr Barnard, lady and seven children, Captain H. C. Stevens, Captain T. D. McGleig, Mr F. H. Fisher, Mr N. Boydell, Mrs Morgan and child, Miss A. J. Carter, Mr Ibbitson, Mr Barton, Mrs Bell and two children, Mr Bapty, lady and four children, Mr Cousins, Captain Geary and two daughters, Mr Jones and lady, Mr Lamborn, lady and four children, and Mr Tate.

From Port Said—Miss Anna Carl, Miss B. Lorenz, and sixteen deck passengers.

## REUTER'S CHINA EXPRESS.

SHANGHAI, 1ST NOVEMBER.

CONTRARY to general supposition the Foreign Ministers did not protest against the execution of the men *supposed* to have been concerned in the Tientsin massacre. Sixteen of those, some of whom were no doubt implicated though not leaders, were decapitated on the 19th for a crime of which they were only guilty in an inferior degree to others, who have been allowed to escape. There are yet four more to be executed, they are the supposed murderers of the Russians, but the Russian Consul General has refused to allow them to suffer until he has examined them and satisfied himself that they are really the guilty parties. As explained in the last summary, the notion of the execution of these men being a punishment has been carefully concealed by large rewards being given to their families, 500 taels to each downwards. After the execution the heads, which according to custom should have been exposed, were sewn on the bodies which were placed in gorgeous coffins provided by the officials, and after lying in state were handed to the families for burial. All the Mandarins escaped with their lives. The chairman of the Tientsin Municipal Council has written officially to Mr. Wade, the British Minister at Pekin, asking for definite information relative to what steps are to be taken for the protection of lives and properties of foreign residents at that port during the coming winter. It was pointed out to His Excellency that the state of feeling in the city towards foreigners was but little altered since the day of the massacre, and that nothing had been done to punish the guilty parties, whilst the measures adopted by the Chinese indicated a stronger desire to be prepared for war rather than to execute justice.

A translation has been published of the book in which missionaries are accused of horrible and degrading practices.

The laying of the Batavia-Singapore section of the British Indian Extension Cable was successfully completed on the 14th November.

The Germans, with but very few exceptions, have been expelled from Saigon, which is unexpectedly declared in a state of siege. They protest energetically against this violation of a French decree, dated 14th August, which decides that Germans should remain unmolested during the war and be allowed to continue trade. It is thought that their losses will amount to 150,000 dollars.

## LATEST TELEGRAMS.

[PER REUTER'S A

But, it further appears that the Traffic Department of the G. I. P. Railway have already raised objections to it, and that the military authorities are strongly in favour of the line being brought in to the north, rather than, as now, to the south of the barracks. This, together with the cutting through the reservoir above noticed, would seem to remove even a doubt of the necessity for a change. Did I not say that under the present system of suppression of discussion blunders must but take place? What is this but a first proof, and it is much to be feared will not be the last.

"It is high time," as the *Times of India* says, "that papers on the subject were handed to the press and to the public," but public discussion affords the only likelihood of bringing "the high authorities" of the Public Works Department to take such a view of their duty by the public. Let the press generally do *its* duty, by keeping the question alive, and it must result in "free and full" discussion being sooner or later permitted.—Truly yours, TEST TUBE.

29th November.

## BOMBAY.

THE "INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE" for December *is* now ready.

WILL "A. A. P." oblige us with his name?

MR. JOHN STORY has been appointed general manager of the Government Customs Warehouse Department at Bombay.

MAILS for Mozambique, per kottia Loogulpursad, will be closed at the General Post Office, to-day (2nd), at 10 A.M.

POOR-BOX.—The balance in the poor-box of the Girgaum Police Court being very low, contributions are earnestly solicited.

MR. F. THELWALL, Acting First Assistant Collector, Ahmedabad, has been allowed one month's privilege leave of absence under the Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules.

THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.—The examinations of M.A. and LL.B., in connection with the Bombay University, which commenced on or about the 21st ultimo, terminated on Friday last.

RAO SAHEB SHIVLAL NATHOOBHAI, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Veerumgaum, in the Ahmedabad District, has been allowed leave of absence, on medical certificate, for one month from the 7th instant.

INQUEST.—A coroner's inquest was held on Thursday at the Crawford Market Road on the body of Mullaree Ramba, a barber, who, in the opinion of jury, had died from natural causes (disease of the heart.)

GIRGAUM POLICE COURT.—During the month of November last, nearly Rs. 2,866-9-0 were recovered on account of fines inflicted by the magistrate at the Girgaum Police Court on offenders brought before him.

THE officers of the Carwar and Dharwar State Railway are about to make the survey of a line of railway in the district situated between Yellapoor and Carwar, *via* the Arbyle Ghaut and Ugsoor.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

SUDDEN DEATH.—A Parsee named Dadabhoy Byramjee, aged about seventy years, while walking on the Kalbadevi Road, fell down, and died soon afterwards. The matter was reported to the coroner, who granted a warrant for the disposal of the body.

THE MANOCKJEE LIMJEE GOLD MEDAL.—The Manockjee Limjee Gold Medal (of the value of Rs. 200) for the year 1870-71, for the best competitive Essay on "The social and economic effects of the introduction of Railways into India" has been awarded to Dorabji Edulji Gimi, B.A., of Elphinstone College.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—Value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 21st November 1870, Rs. 9,78,409; add—silver received during the week, Rs. 5; total balance, Rs. 9,78,414. There are in addition 24,351 rupees' worth of silver bullion belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults, and awaiting assay.

THE following rule, made by the Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature under Section XVII. of Act IV. of 1869, is published under Section LXII. of the Act:—"Cases for confirmation of a decree for dissolution of marriage received from a District Judge under Section XVII. of Act IV. of 1869, shall not be heard till after the expiration of six months from the pronouncing of such decree."

H. M. S. "FORTE'S" AMATEURS.—It will be seen from an advertisement that this talented and popular amateur company intend giving, on Monday next, another entertainment at the Grant Road Theatre, under the patronage, we understand, of Admiral Cockburn. The proceeds will be in aid of the funds of the Forte's Amateur Dramatic Society, whose recent efforts in the cause of charity have been attended with marked success.

A EUROPEAN SENTENCED TO BE FLOGGED.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, before the Chief Magistrate, Patrick Mitchell, a European, was charged with stealing a pair of trousers belonging to Ruttonjee Kooshall, a washerman. On Tuesday afternoon complainant was putting out clothes to dry. Prisoner took the trousers and ran away. He was apprehended on the road by a policeman. Prisoner was adjudged guilty, and sentenced to receive fifteen stripes.

HIGH COURT SUIT.—At the High Court, yesterday, before Mr. Justice Green, Mr. Leith appeared for Messrs. Joseph Jefferson and Co., in a suit against Bharmul Parbut and another to recover Rs. 3,303-6-3, due on a redraft, and Rs. 962-9-8, balance of account. The bill, Mr. Leith mentioned, had been accepted, but dishonoured on presentation for payment. The Judge gave decree in favour of the plaintiff for the sums claimed, with interest at 9 per cent. on the former amount from 20th February 1870, and on the latter from 6th December 1869, costs, and interest on the amount of the decree at 6 per cent.

THE LATE FIRE AT THE NULL BAZAAR.—A short time ago the Commissioner of Police suggested to the Municipal Commissioner the advisability of awarding some compensation to the European and native members of the police force, who suffer loss while exerting themselves in quenching fires. Acting on this suggestion the Municipal Commissioner has forwarded to Mr. Souter Rs. 169, to be distributed among those officers who exerted themselves creditably in putting out the fire in the Null Bazaar on the 23rd November last. Of this sum each of the superintendents of police will receive Rs. 5, inspectors Rs. 4 each, and constables Rs. 3 each.

HIGH COURT DECREES.—In the High Court, yesterday, before Mr. Justice Bayley, a suit was brought by Messrs. W. Ramsden Price and others, corresponding firm in England for Messrs. Rennie, Scovell and Co., to recover the balance of a redraft on a consignment of cotton due by Bhojraj Nurpal and others. The amount of the redraft had been Rs. 1,488, but of that Rs. 500 had been paid. Mr. Taylor appeared for the plaintiff; there was no appearance for the defence. Decree was given for Rs. 988 with interest, and Rs. 300 of costs.—Before the same Judge, Gunpatrao Shreecrushna sued Nanabhoy Pandoorung to recover the amount of a note for Rs. 6,438. Mr. Pigot appeared for the plaintiff, the defendant failed to appear. Decree was given for the amount with costs.

REVISED LIST OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE CITY OF POONA.—President—The Collector and Magistrate of Poona. Ex-Officio Members,—The First Assistant Collector and Magistrate in charge Haveilly Talooks, The Deputy Collector and City Magistrate, The Haveilly Mamlutdar, The Chief Constable of the Poona City. Non-Official Members—Captain H. Daniell, Superintendent of Police, Poona, Dr. G. R. Lord, Civil Surgeon, Poona, Khan Bahadoor Padumjee Pestonjee, Rao Bahadoor Vizisarug Moodliar, Nabab Ali Murdakhan, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Balcrishna Chintoba, Mr. Gopinath Raglooonath, Professor Dajee Nilkunt, Mr. Krishna Shastree Chiplonkar, Mr. Ramchunder Gunesh *alias* Appa Saheb Natoo, Rao Saheb Rungrao Venayek Poorandhurey, Mr. Shreekrishna Narayenjee, Dr. A. G. Fraser, Railway Magistrate, Theodore Cooke, Esquire, Mr. Krishnajee Trimbuk Bandé, Mr. Bholagheer Mangeer, Professor Kero Luxumon Chattré, Mr. Vishnoo Shamjee Bendé, Mr. Sheshgeer Rao, Mr Abdool Tyab Budrooddeen, Mr. Bal Mookoond Hindoomul, Mr. S. Treun, Mr. Nunderam Soonderjee, Mr. Trimbukrao Narayen Rajmachikur, Mr. Gungadhur Vishwanath Gokhley, Mr. Wamon Pandoorung Purachpey, Rao Saheb Narayen Bhai, Mr. Pandoorung Dinkur Kurvey, Mr. Chintamun Sukharam, Mr. Dorabjee Padumjee, Mr. Ardeeir Cursetjee Shet, and Luxumon Hari Sindey.

HISTORY OF INDIA IN GUZERATI.—Mr. Cursetjee Nusserwanjee Pestonjee has just published a very neat and handsome little volume containing, in the Guzerati language, a history of India from the beginning of the Mohomedan Invasion to the Fall of the Mogul Empire, A. D. 1001 to 1765. Mr. Cursetjee is well known among the Guzerati reading natives as the author of the "Hekayate Dilpasand" (amusing stories), and the "Nakliyatnameh," (selections in prose), two very popular works; and several of his plays, which have been produced in Bombay by different theatrical clubs, have met with a warm reception. But the work now presented to us for notice surpasses its predecessors in many respects; and we have to congratulate our native friends on the valuable accession to their small stock of useful Guzerati works. We are glad to see from the Preface that the Director of Public Instruction appreciates the zeal of the writer in propagating useful knowledge, and as the present is a much more important book than the author's former publications, it is to be trusted that he will be still better rewarded by Mr. Peile and the public in general for the great pains he has evidently bestowed in getting it up. The cover of the work is very elegant; and a neatly executed steel engraving of the Emperor Akbar as frontispiece adds to its other attractions. As to its intrinsic value, we may briefly say that the purity and grace of the author's style, which are evident in his other books, are more conspicuous in the present brochure. The usefulness of the subject treated in this work will ensure the author every success. It will form a nice prize book or a school text-book to young students; and the grown up man of business will also find it a very agreeable companion of his leisure hours. The work is dedicated to the Honorable Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, who has always proved himself a liberal patron of useful Guzerati works.

MR. J. E. OLIPHANT, Collector and Magistrate, arrived here from the districts on Tuesday last, and will leave this on Saturday next for Moosee.—*Poona Observer*, Dec. 1.

INCOME TAX.—The collections realised by this tax up to yesterday amounted to forty-six thousand rupees. Mr. E. T. Richardson will make over the records of the Income-tax office to the Mamlutdar of the Havallee.—*Ibid.*

MR. R. WHITE, Judge and Session Judge, and Agent for Sirdars in the Deccan, who is on leave at Mahableshwur, will return to Poona on Monday next, and resume charge of his duties the following day.—*Ibid.*

CAPTAIN T. D. FARQUHARSON, 2nd Battalion 60th Rifles, having passed the required examination, is appointed aide-de-camp to Major General Grant, C.B., commanding Poona Division, with effect from 20th May last.—*Ibid.*

WE learn by a letter from Mhow that the head quarters of the 6th Brigade Garrison Artillery, lately stationed at Mhow, with the undermentioned officers, Colonels Dumaresq and Smith, Captain and Adjutant Young, and Doctor Miles, have marched en route to Bombay; and on Monday last the D. Battery of Horse Artillery with Major Devitre, Captain Theobald, Lieutenants Rooke and Townsend, Doctor Drew, and Veterinary Surgeon Plomby, also marched for Poona via Boorhampoor, Aurungabad, and Ahmednuggur. —*Ibid.*

MORTUARY RETURNS.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 29th Nov., was 327, being 16 more than in the preceding week, 23 more than the total of the week ending 30th Nov. 1869, and 24 more than the mean of the corresponding period in the previous five years. During the week 37 births were reported in the different districts of the city.

| Section or Sub-Section. | Population by Census of 1864. | Small-pox. | Fever. | Cholera. | Nervous System. | Respiratory System. | Digestive System. | Accident & Violence. | Total (including diseases not specified above). | Total reported birth in the week exclusive of Still-born. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Colaba | 19,161 | ... | 1 | ... | 4 | 2 | ... | ... | 7 | ... |
| Fort, Southern | 2,455 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Fort, Northern | 39,355 | ... | 2 | ... | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 10 | ... |
| Esplanade | 7,869 | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ... | 1 | ... | 2 | ... |
| Market | 75,402 | ... | 5 | ... | 1 | 4 | 5 | ... | 15 | ... |
| Mandvee | 41,152 | ... | 7 | ... | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 14 | ... |
| Chuckla | 41,442 | ... | 3 | ... | 1 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 20 | ... |
| Oomburkharee | 63,026 | ... | 13 | ... | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 30 | 9 |
| Dongree | 60,230 | ... | 7 | ... | 1 | 2 | 1 | ... | 14 | 1 |
| Dhobeetalao | 71,780 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 25 | 1 |
| Phunuswaree | 22,922 | ... | 1 | ... | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 11 | ... |
| Bhoolesh wur | 50,282 | ... | 4 | ... | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 12 | ... |
| Kharastalao | 23,454 | ... | 2 | ... | 1 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 13 | 9 |
| Koombharwara | 23,086 | ... | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 8 |
| Khetwaree | 29,177 | ... | 5 | ... | 2 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 19 | ... |
| Girgaum | 21,505 | ... | 3 | ... | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 12 | ... |
| Chaupatee | 6,184 | ... | 2 | ... | 1 | 1 | ... | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Walkeshwar | 16,094 | ... | 2 | ... | 1 | 3 | ... | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| Mahaluxmee | 9,144 | ... | 1 | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ... | 2 | ... |
| Managon | 21,784 | ... | 3 | ... | 1 | ... | ... | ... | 9 | 3 |
| Tarwaree | 9,462 | ... | 2 | ... | ... | 2 | 2 | ... | 6 | 1 |
| Kamatheepoora | 81,675 | ... | 22 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 6 | ... | 46 | ... |
| Parell | 7,009 | ... | 2 | ... | 4 | 1 | 1 | ... | 11 | ... |
| Seoree | 5,042 | ... | 1 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ... |
| Sion | 12,078 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ... | 1 | 2 | ... |
| Mahim | 19,455 | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | ... | 2 | 4 | ... |
| Worlee | 10,211 | 1 | 6 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 8 | 1 |
| Harbour | 32,882 | ... | 1 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 2 | ... |
| Non-Resident and Unknown | ... | ... | 1 | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 6 | ... |
| Bombay ..... | 819,562 | 2 | 106 | 18 | 24 | 50 | 39 | 3 | 327 | 37 |
| Mean of the corresponding weeks in the preceding 5 years. | | 2 | 155 | 4 | 22 | 44 | 22 | 6 | 303 | ... |

The following statement shows the number of deaths in the different races or castes:—

| Race or Caste. | Small-pox. | Fever. | Cholera. | Nerv. System. | Resp. System. | Dig. System. | Accident & Violence. | Total (inc. diseases not specified above). | Total Reported Births exclusive of Still-born. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boodhist—Jain, &c | ... | 3 | ... | 1 | 4 | 2 | ... | 14 | ... |
| Brahmin | ... | 3 | ... | 1 | 4 | 1 | ... | 9 | 2 |
| Lingaet | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Bhatia | ... | 1 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ... |
| Hindoo of other Caste | 2 | 55 | 11 | 12 | 21 | 15 | 1 | 129 | 18 |
| Hindoo out-caste | ... | 9 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | ... | 27 | ... |
| Mussulman | ... | 29 | 2 | 5 | 12 | 12 | 1 | 80 | 10 |
| Parsee | ... | 3 | ... | 1 | 1 | 5 | ... | 19 | 1 |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 |
| Native-Christian | ... | 3 | 4 | ... | 3 | 1 | ... | 16 | ... |
| Indo-European | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 |
| European | ... | 1 | ... | 1 | ... | 2 | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Negro-African | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 3 | ... |
| Chinese | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Unknown Races | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Total | 2 | 106 | 18 | 24 | 5 | 39 | 3 | 327 | 37 |
| Corresponding week 1869 .... | ... | 136 | 1 | 31 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 304 | 61 |

## POLICE CASES.

THEFT.—Fyzul Hubeeb was charged with stealing a globe lamp belonging to Fyzoola Hoossain, and being an old offender was sentenced to be imprisoned for six months.

RIOTOUS BEHAVIOUR.—Jamasjee Hormusjee, a buggy driver, and two other Parsees, were charged before Mr. Nana Morojee with riotous, disorderly, or indecent behaviour in a public place, and were, on conviction, fined five rupees each and were bound over.

ASSAULT.—Three Goanese butlers were charged yesterday before Mr. Nana Morojee with committing an assault on the person of John Almeida. The defendants were fined Rs. 20 each, or, in default of payment of the fine, to suffer forty days' imprisonment.

## ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST BY A BILL-COLLECTOR.

AT the Criminal Sessions yesterday, before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and a common jury, a peon or bill collector named Luxumon Ranjee, lately employed by Messrs. Blay and Mackintosh, shipbrokers, was placed at the bar on charges of criminal breach of trust and misappropriation with respect to nine bills entrusted to him by the firm, and amounting to upwards of Rs. 2,100.

Mr. Ferguson appeared for the prosecution; Mr. Anstey for the defence.

Mr. Johnson, formerly assistant to Messrs. Blay and Mackintosh, was the first witness called, and his evidence lasted until after three o'clock.

Mr. Blay was next called and examined for upwards of three hours.

At about five o'clock some remarks were made as to whether the jury would be required to be locked up, when

The Judge (to Mr. Anstey)—I believe it was a similar case to this before yourself when you let the jury go and we held that you had a right to do so, but that it would have been better if you had not.

Mr. Anstey—There was forgery in the case before me, and the Judges decided I was right.

The Judge—I don't think the prisoner was convicted of forgery.

Mr. Anstey—No, but he was tried on it, and the verdict was general on all the issues.

The Judge—I think not. The case is reported, if I mistake not.

Mr. Anstey—I will tell you what is passing in your Lordship's mind. Sir Richard Couch said it was not forgery of a valuable document but of a kind which would not be a misdemeanour at common-law, and therefore was not to be treated as such.

The Judge—Embezzlement is a misdemeanour at common-law, I forget how it was by statute. However, I shall look into that before I determine what I shall do.

Mr. Anstey—Of course I cannot promise or vow anything.

The Judge—No, you can't, I could not accept any consent.

Mr. Anstey—I don't think, my Lord, it is a locking-up case.

The Judge—I think, if we get on a little faster, it may not be so.

At the close of Mr. Blay's re-examination,

The Judge addressing the jury said he was afraid he had melancholy news for them, but he had to tell them he could not allow them to separate that evening. This charge would have been felony under the old law, and he could not allow them to go to their homes. That was very hard on the jury, but it was the law—they would be taken care of by the sheriff.

In reply to a juryman, his Lordship said the jury could send messages to their friends and receive requisites, but that was all.

A Hindoo juror applied for leave to go home to his khana, even in charge of a constable; but the law would not allow it.

There is only one other case on the calendar, and the Judge remarked that it was probable he would have to take it on Saturday, unless it died a natural death.

The trial of the peon will be proceeded with at ten o'clock to-day.

Our report of yesterday's proceedings is deferred.

## HYDRABAD RACES (MOUL ALI), 1870.

STEWARDS—Colonel Knox, Lieut. Col. Hope, Major Bluett, Major Hencby, Captain Palleine, Captain Wodehouse.

WEIGHER—Major Blunt.

CLERK OF THE COURSE—Lieut. Symons.

SIXTH DAY, SATURDAY, 26TH NOVEMBER 1870.

FIRST RACE.—The Nawab Sir Salar Jung's Cup.—Rs. 1,000, presented by the Nawab Mookhtar ool Mook Sir Salar Jung Bahadoor, G. C. S. I., added to a sweepstakes of Rs. 200, for each horse declared to start For all Maiden horses. Weight for age. 1½ mile. Winner of Derby, Desert, Bedouin, Trial Stakes, or Gold Cup, 6 lbs. extra; of two or three races, 3 lbs. extra.

Major Crosbie's .. b aust. g Viceroy..Hackney ..W.O.

SECOND RACE—The Stewards' Purse—For English, Cape and Australians only. Rs. 750 from the fund. 2 miles. Winners of Shumsool Oomrah's Cup to carry 5 lbs. over the handicap weight.

Major Crosbie's..... b aus g Viceroy.....Hackney..... 1
Syed Rumzan's..... b aus m Shereen .....Major Austin..... 2
Major Crosbie's..... b aus g Pretender .....Rowjee ..... 3
Mr Stewart's ..... g aus g Antelope .....Aspinall ..... 4
Captain H's..... g aus g Emigrant.....Chapman ..... 5

Time—3m. 57s.

THIRD RACE.—Lottery Stakes—For Arabs only, Rs. 750 from the fund. 1½ mile. All horses that have won during the meeting will be entered by the Stewards for one of the above two races at an entrance of Rs. 50 for each race won. Losers can enter at 12 noon the 22nd November, at an entrance of Rs. 100, and will be handicapped by the Stewards into one of above the classes.

Abdool Raymon's..... g a h Grey Beard .....Major Austin ..... 1
Major Crosbie's .. g a h Nonpareil .....Hackney ..... 2
Ally Acker's..... g a h Rajee .....Chapman ..... 3
Mr Beaver's..... g a g Teaser .....David ..... 4
Major Crosbie's ..... g a g Electric .....Rowjee ..... 5

Time—2m. 56s.

FOURTH RACE.—Hurdle Race.—Rs. 250 from the fund, added to a sweepstakes of Rs. 50 for each horse declared to start. G. R. Weight, Arabs 10-7, English, Cape or Australians, 11-9; if no Arabs enter, no alteration in weight for other classes. Three horses to start, or public money withheld. To close and name the day before the race.

Mr Cumming's .....b aus g Dreadnought.....Capt Brough ..... 1
Major Crosbie's ..... c p Dwarf ..... .....Major Austin ..... 2
Mr Slade's..... b aus g Albourne .....Owner ..... 3

FIFTH RACE.—Consolation Stakes.—Rs. 400 from the fund, added to a sweepstakes of Rs. 75. A handicap open to all horses that have started and not won during the meeting. 1½ mile. To close at noon on the 22nd November. A forfeit of Rs. 25 for not standing the handicap.

Syed Rumzan's.....b a h Dubious .....Rowjee ..... 1
Mr A Stewart .....b a m Lady Morris .....Aspinall..... 2
Mr Wilson's .....g aust m Fleur de Lys.....David..... 3

Time—2 min. 59 secs.

## BOMBAY AND SIND.

### REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

THE following are the receipts into, and payments out of, the Treasuries, between 1st April 1870 and 31st October 1870:—

REVENUE AND OTHER RECEIPTS.

| | Budget Estimate for 1870-71. | Total Treasury Receipts. To Oct. 31st, 1870. | Same time last year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | £. | £. | £. |
| Balance on 1st April 1870 ..... | | (3,412,098) | (2,011,338) |
| Land Revenue ... ... | 3,583,540 | 864,599 | 834,215 |
| Tributes... ... | 70,176 | 39,628 | 35,605 |
| Forest ... ... | 125,770 | 47,479 | 52,465 |
| Excise ... ... | 444,500 | 249,107 | 236,437 |
| Assessed Taxes ... ... | 470,000 | 234,607 | 131,828 |
| Customs... ... | 840,000 | 420,950 | 445,257 |
| Salt ... ... | 680,000 | 330,653 | 245,928 |
| Opium ... ... | 2,017,000 | 1,352,915 | 1,284,402 |
| Stamps ... ... | 117,615 | 152,680 | 281,995 |
| Mint ... ... | 91,500 | 12,833 | 54,070 |
| Law and Justice... | 511,333 | 222,351 | 88,885 |
| Police ... ... | 14,000 | 10,119 | 8,870 |
| Marine ... ... | 124,400 | 85,483 | 33,944 |
| Education ... ... | 480 | 652 | 11,946 |
| Interest... ... | 76,250 | 23,032 | 49,610 |
| Miscellaneous ... | 165,497 | 44,222 | 52,767 |
| Total Revenue ... £ | 9,354,090 | 4,091,962 | 3,880,232 |

£261,730 Increase.
£ 55,902 *Deduct* Increase on payments.
£205,828 Net Improvement.

OTHER RECEIPTS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Army ... ... ... | | 127,807 | 133,097 |
| Public Works ... ... | | 173,881 | 288,440 |
| Miscellaneous Loans... ... | | 40,333 | ... |
| India, Service ... | | 50,000 | 112,353 |
| Do. Local... ... | | 271,555 | 249,731 |
| Deposits ... ... | | 386,191 | 316,038 |
| Savings' Banks ... | | 130,116 | 119,879 |
| Mint Certificates ... | | 535,837 | 2,337,454 |
| Local Remittances ... | | 5,54-6,502 | 7,151,422 |
| Railways ... ... | | 1,652,719 | 1,435,495 |
| Advances Recoverable ... | | 274,388 | 214,149 |
| Account Current, London ... | | 2,2-6,945 | 1,091,247 |
| Account Current, India, Post Office ... | | 70,527 | 84,497 |
| Account Current, India, Telegraph ... | | 40,388 | 31,284 |
| Account Current, other Accounts ... | | 172,742 | 1,831,541 |
| Account Current, other Governments ... | | 198,7 8 | 137,704 |
| Bills & Transfer Receipts, other Govts. | | 42,932 | 109,537 |
| Money Orders, other Governments ... | | 32,720 | 25,185 |
| Other Receipts.. | | 12,574,973 | 13,548,898 |
| Total... £ | | 20,078,983 | 21,380,463 |

EXPENDITURE AND OTHER PAYMENTS.

| | Budget Estimate for 1870-71. | Total Treasury Payments To Oct. 31st, 1870. | Same time last year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| EXPENDITURE. | £. | £. | £. |
| Interest ... ... | 114,789 | 116,915 | 86,199 |
| Refunds and Drawback ... | 127,100 | 59,719 | 59,451 |
| Land Revenue ... | 715,224 | 346,137 | 333,509 |
| Forest ... ... | 79,732 | 37,302 | 30,914 |
| Excise ... ... | 70,531 | 32,070 | 19,983 |
| Assessed Taxes ... | 5,300 | 3,427 | 3,922 |
| Customs... ... | 84,800 | 50,288 | 49,786 |
| Salt ... ... | 35,500 | 19,244 | 20,373 |
| Opium ... ... | 3,110 | 1,402 | 1,382 |
| Stamps ... ... | 10,238 | 9,309 | 11,965 |
| Mint ... ... | 34,276 | 15,515 | 19,116 |
| Administration ... | 184,43 | 98,642 | 89,367 |
| Minor Departments ... | 9,756 | 7,983 | 3,055 |
| Law and Justice... ... | 505,503 | 296,809 | 273,296 |
| Police ... ... | 390,309 | 207, 01 | 203,514 |
| Marine ... ... | 220,520 | 102,913 | 110,674 |
| Education ... ... | 107,771 | 50,433 | 61,465 |
| Ecclesiastical ... | 34,115 | 17,741 | 20,048 |
| Medical... ... | 106,194 | 56,966 | 49,370 |
| Stationery and Printing ... | 37,356 | 20,199 | 24,256 |
| Political Agencies ... | 123,015 | 72,084 | 73,909 |
| Allowances (Treaty) ... | 716,420 | 157,391 | 156,824 |
| Miscellaneous ... ... | 71,202 | 25,624 | 33,566 |
| Superannuations... ... | 138,300 | 76,131 | 88,582 |
| Expenditure... £ | 3,925,289 | 1,938,085 | 1,882,183 |

Increase £55,902.

OTHER PAYMENTS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Army ... ... ... | 1,407,550 | 1,580,465 | |
| Public Works ... ... | 893,712 | 1,163,942 | |
| Miscellaneous Loans... | 1,870,912 | ... | |
| Funds, Service ... ... | 39,394 | 38,459 | |
| Do. Local... ... | 322,115 | 357,771 | |
| Deposits ... ... | 358,899 | 324,109 | |
| ... Savings' Banks ... | 64,549 | 51,405 | |
| Mint Certificates ... | 537, 40 | 2,337,552 | |
| Local Remittances ... | 5,457,642 | 7,188,573 | |
| Railways ... ... | 1,649,665 | 1,430 407 | |
| Advances Recoverable ... | 172,,78 | 347, 60 | |
| Account Current, London ... | 2,022,980 | 1,230 490 | |
| Account Current, India, Post Office ... | 74,352 | 18,757 | |
| Account Current, India, Telegraph ... | 66,308 | 72,758 | |
| Account Current, other Accounts ... | 1,215,243 | 493,929 | |
| Account Current, other Governments ... | 217,495 | 90,338 | |
| Bills & Transfer Receipts, other Govts. | 145,150 | 2 2,725 | |
| Money Orders, other Governments ... | 27,865 | 30,828 | |
| | 15,391,140 | 18,082,-88 | |
| Balance on 31st October 1870 ... | 1,749,738 | 1,425,417 | |
| Total..... £ | 23,078,963 | 21,380,468 | |

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE RECEIPTS DURING THE MONTH.

| | Receipts of Month ending Oct. 31st, 1870. | 1869. | Oct. 1870 with Oct. 1869. Inc. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | £. | £. | | |
| Land Revenue ... ... | 9,316 | 9,711 | ... | 495 |
| Tributes ... ... | 6,867 | 993 | 6,064 | ... |
| Forest ... ... | 3,372 | 7,569 | ... | 4,197 |
| Excise ... ... | 35,618 | 32,429 | 3,191 | ... |
| Assessed Taxes ... | 4,-65 | 13,-42 | 34,415 | ... |
| Customs ... ... | 66,353 | 88,387 | ... | 22,034 |
| Salt ... ... | 30,630 | 16,641 | 13,989 | ... |
| Opium ... ... | 202,431 | 181,760 | 20,671 | ... |
| Stamps ... ... | 15,427 | 36,908 | ... | 21,181 |
| Mint ... ... | 26, 91 | 34,911 | ... | 8,071 |
| Law and Justice ... | 39 888 | 7,976 | 22,942 | ... |
| Police ... ... | 1,546 | 1,4-0 | 126 | ... |
| Marine ... ... | 40,,30 | 20,830 | 20,200 | ... |
| Education ... ... | 62 | 1,418 | ... | 1,356 |
| Interest. ... ... | 2,071 | 64 | 2,007 | ... |
| Miscellaneous ... | 6,264 | 14,948 | ... | 8,684 |
| Total Revenue.....£ | 499,341 | 441,899 | 123,700 | 6,218 |

RECEIPTS.

Increase in October 1870.....£57,482.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE PAYMENTS DURING THE MONTH.

| | Payments of Month ending Oct. 31st, 1870. | 1869. | Oct. 1870 with Oct. 1869. Inc. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | £. | £. | £. | £. |
| Interest ... ... | 5,329 | 1,219 | 4,110 | ... |
| Refunds and Drawback ... | 7,932 | 7,483 | 499 | ... |
| Land Revenue ... | 44,406 | 37,431 | 6,982 | ... |
| Forest ... ... | 3,910 | 3,835 | 75 | ... |
| Excise ... ... | 5,995 | 3,609 | 2,389 | ... |
| Assessed Taxes ... | 368 | 510 | 72 | ... |
| Customs ... ... | 6,993 | 6,757 | 193 | ... |
| Salt ... ... | 2,272 | 2,276 | ... | 4 |
| Opium ... ... | 1,204 | 1631 | 23 | ... |
| Stamps ... ... | 1,044 | 1,562 | ... | 518 |
| Mint ... ... | 1,907 | 2,096 | ... | 189 |
| Administration ... | 14,399 | 10,827 | 3,572 | ... |
| Minor Departments ... | 688 | 1, 43 | ... | 555 |
| Law and Justice ... | 44,783 | 4-,211 | 4,568 | ... |
| Police ... ... | 22,115 | 25,659 | ... | 543 |
| Marine ... ... | 14,237 | 24,338 | ... | 10,081 |
| Education ... ... | 7 899 | 7,5 0 | 599 | ... |
| Ecclesiastical ... | 2,,13 | 2 302 | ... | 889 |
| Medical... ... | 7,090 | 7,,99 | ... | 119 |
| Stationery and Printing ... | 2,480 | 2,553 | ... | 74 |
| Political Agencies ... | 20,4-2 | 8,561 | 11,851 | ... |
| Allowances (Treaty) ... | 8,244 | 8,8 7 | ... | 573 |
| Miscellaneous ... ... | 16,394 | 16,413 | ... | 49 |
| Superannuations ... ... | 7,766 | 8,0-2 | ... | 704 |
| Expenditure.....£ | 256,993 | 224,8-8 | 35,998 | 13,334 |

DISBURSEMENTS.

Increase in October 1870.....£22,132

W. E. GORDON,
Officiating Accountant General.

## RETURN OF COTTON CULTIVATION IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,

FOR THE YEAR 1870-71, COMPARED WITH THAT OF THE PRECEDING SEASON, 1869-70.

| Zillah. | Cotton Crop for Season 1869-70. Extent of Cultivation in Acres. Exotic Cotton. | Native Cotton. | Total. | Cotton Crop for Season 1870-71. Extent of Cultivation in Acres. Exotic Cotton. | Native Cotton. | Total. | Total Decrease in 1870-71. | Total Increase in 1870-71. | Total amount of arable land. | Total amount of land capable of producing cotton. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. | Acres. Gts. |
| NORTHERN DIVISION. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ahmedabad, *a* ..... | 74 35 | 223,313 28 | 223,388 18 | 8 0 | 323,320 13 | 323 328 13 | 99 939 35 | ... ... | 1,784,5 2 2 | 941,565 5 |
| Kaira, *b*..... | ... ... | 12,644 10 | 12,644 10 | 14 25 | 15,5-2 0 | 15,596 25 | 2,952 13 | ... ... | 828,802 1 | 284,642 6 |
| Broach, *c* ..... | 216 27 | 223,644 29 | 223,860 16 | .. ... | 215,830 37 | 215,830 37 | ... ... | 8,029 19 | 736,60- 22 | 681,318 12 |
| Surat ..... | No return received. | | | | | | | | | |
| Dhandeish, *d* ..... | 540,808 19 | ... ... | 540,808 19 | 611,031 1 | ... ... | 611,031 1 | 70,222 22 | ... ... | 3,609,482 33 | 2,397,013 3 |
| Total..... | 541,100 1 | 459,601 22 | 1,000,701 23 | 611,053 24 | 554,733 10 | 1,165,786 34 | 173,114 30 | 8,029 19 | 6,959,395 5 | 4,226,539 36 |
| SOUTHERN DIVISION. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ahmednuggur, *e* ..... | 0 1 | 36,238 32 | 36,238 33 | 0 34 | 32,304 35 | 32,305 29 | 5,966 36 | ... ... | 2,733,538 2 | 123,357 29 |
| Belgaum, *f* ..... | 7,557 33 | 205,672 1 | 213,259 34 | 13,150 15 | 165,167 17 | 178,317 35 | ... ... | 34,941 39 | 1,857,426 2- | 616,073 7 |
| Dharwar (including Savanoor and Hublee State) *g* ..... | 423,098 27 | 222,115 37 | 647,214 24 | 335,296 39 | 195,308 37 | 530,605 36 | ... ... | 116,618 28 | 2,369,207 -7 | 1,363,212 28 |
| Kulladghee, *h* ..... | 25,545 8 | 572,,72 3 | 597,822 11 | 11,875 4 | 379,245 39 | 391, 21 3 | ... ... | 206,701 8 | 2,852,351 9 | 1,197,137 16 |
| Poona, *i* ..... | 290 20 | 41,537 5 | 41,787 25 | 2 0 | 27,,7- 0 | 27,,72 0 | ... ... | 14,065 25 | 1,226,6-5 39 | 137,642 27 |
| Satara (including Jagheer States), *j* ..... | 208 28 | 79,526 25 | 79,735 13 | 329 25 | 49,887 25 | 50,217 21 | ... ... | 29,517 32 | 304,3-4 24 | 222,597 13 |
| Sholapore, *k* ..... | 29 4 | 117,659 36 | 117,689 10 | 70 20 | 81,743 19 | 81,813 39 | ... ... | 35,875 1 | 2,001,247 19 | 259,35- 38 |
| Total..... | 458,674 1 | 1,265,023 19 | 1,723,697 20 | 360,725 21 | 930,623 22 | 1,291,349 3 | 5,966 36 | 438 315 13 | 13,375,881 28 | 3,859,371 38 |
| NATIVE STATES. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Akulkoto, *l* ..... | 333 29 | 16,715 15 | 17,109 4 | 281 24 | 9,325 25 | 9,607 9 | ... ... | 7,501 35 | 257,542 0

## SONEPORE RACES.

FIFTH DAY: WEDNESDAY, 23RD NOVEMBER.

FIRST RACE.—The Hutwah Cup, value Rs. 500, presented by the Maharajah of Hutwah. A first-class handicap for all horses that have run at the meeting. 2 miles.

| | | st. lbs. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr B W's | bk waler g | Black Eagle... | 8 4 | Jaffir ..... 1 |
| Mr Seymtank's | ch o m | Miss Teelaway | 7 12 | Donaldson... 2 |
| Mr W W's | b w g | Rocket..... | 10 7 | Dignum ..... 3 |

The weight did not tell on the black horse, who had no difficulty in disposing of his opponents. Rocket, it occurred to me, was a little stale.

Time—3 min. 48 secs.

SECOND RACE.—The Patna Stakes, of Rs. 400 from the fund. A second-class handicap for all horses that have run at the meeting. 1 mile and 5 furlongs.

| | | st. lbs. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr W W's | ch w m | Bellona ..... | 10 7 | Dignum..... 1 |
| Mr Seymtank's | b w g | Centurion ..... | 9 0 | Hastings ... 2 |
| H H Ags Khan's | b a g | Shere Alli ..... | 9 0 | Brewty ..... 3 |
| Mr W W's | b w g | The Doctor ..... | 4 4 | Native ..... 0 |

Bellona, who has lost none of her old form, beat the hunter with the greatest ease. It was cruelty to run a queer little animal like Shere Alli (barely 14 hands) with horses over 15.

Time—3 min. 9 secs.

THIRD RACE.—The Chuprah Stakes, of Rs. 350 from the fund. A handicap for all Arabs. 1¼ mile. Entrance Rs. 80. Rs. 50 forfeit.

| | | st. lbs. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr Raphael's | g a h | Rising Star..... | 8 12 | Challoner ..... 1 |
| Mr Manchester's | b a h | Ameer ..... | 7 8 | Jaffir ..... 2 |
| Mr W W's | ch a h | Cyclone..... | 8 6 | Donaldson ... 3 |

Rising Star, who has greatly disappointed his friends all the meeting, made the running and won easily—no great credit either in such company.

Time—3 min. 30 secs.

FOURTH RACE.—The Hack Handicap, of Rs. 100 from the fund. For all starters in the Moorcroft and to Bombay, from 12th November to 30th November 1870, on medical certificate.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr Power's | ch w g | Baronet ..... | 10 | 9 Dignum. 1 |
| Messrs Arthur & John's | b w m | Portia ..... | 10 | 1 Mr John 2 |
| Mr Manchester's | b bk c b m | Black Princess | 7 | 7 Jaffir ... 3 |

The Baronet gained his second victory easily in this race; it would have been the third had he been ridden on a former occasion by the jock who now steered him.

Time—1 min. 20 secs.

FIFTH RACE.—The Galloway and Pony Handicap Sweepstakes of Rs. 100 from the fund. For all starters in the Galloway and Pony Stakes. ½ mile. Entrance Rs. 20.

| | | st. lbs. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr Beadon's | b p | Orion ..... | 6 7 | Jaffir ..... 1 |
| | b g | Sea Gull..... | 10 13 | Mr John..... 2 |
| Mr Field's | b p | Ermine ..... | 9 2 | Hastings..... 3 |
| Mr Manchester's | ch a g | Red Hazard. | 9 7 | Bowen..... 0 |

A very hollow affair for Orion, who won as he liked.

Time—55 secs.

—*Pioneer.*

## THE COURT MARTIAL ON ENSIGN G. P. GILBERT, 3-60TH RIFLES.

THIRTEENTH DAY, 26TH NOVEMBER.

THE Court assembled at 11 o'clock this morning, when the president asked the prisoner if he had any more questions to put to Major Montgomery.

Ensign Gilbert—No more questions, sir.

Major Montgomery examined by the Court:—

The Court—Have you, as second in command, noticed that the officers in general have given due support to Colonel Kennedy as their commanding officer?

Major Montgomery—Yes, I have.

The next witness was Lieut. and Adjutant A. H. Bircham.

Examined by the prisoner:—

Prisoner—Were you on parade on the 19th September; and if so, did you call Major Montgomery's attention to the fact that something was occurring in the main body then forming line?

Lieut. Bircham—To the first part of the question, yes I was; to the second part, yes I did.

Prisoner—Did you say to him, "Hallo, there is a row; it is Gilbert, he has been at him all the morning?"

Lieut. Bircham—Not to my recollection. I did say, "Hallo, there is a row."

The prisoner respectfully requested that the second question put by him to Major Montgomery and that witness's answer might be read. The Court acceded to the request, and the question and answer were read.

Prisoner—After hearing the evidence of Major Montgomery read, have you now any doubt that you did use those words—"It is Gilbert. He has been at him all the morning?"

Lieut. Bircham—I cannot swear that I did not use them, but I have no recollection of what I said to Major Montgomery beyond what I have already stated.

Prisoner—Were you at all surprised at the catastrophe that occurred on parade that morning?

Lieut. Bircham—I have for a long time feared that some officer would lose control of his temper.

Prisoner—What was it you feared would cause some officer to lose control of his temper?

Lieut. Bircham—I have seen officers so many times worried and irritated by Colonel Kennedy's manner towards them.

Prisoner—Had you any reason for expecting that it would be I more than any other officer to whom such an occurrence would happen?

Lieut. Bircham—No.

Prisoner—How long have you been adjutant of the battalion? State your opinion, as Adjutant, of the way in which I have done my duty during that period.

Lieut. Bircham—I have been Adjutant of the 3rd Battalion for upwards of three years. I have found Ensign Gilbert most painstaking and zealous. I have known him all that time.

Cross-examined by the prosecutor:—

Col. Kennedy—Did you in September last at a court of enquiry use these words—"As far as I recollect I did not hear Colonel Kennedy address Ensign Gilbert at all that morning?"

Lieut. Bircham—Yes, I did.

Col. Kennedy—What distance in paces were you in front of the line when your attention was attracted by what you term a row, and did you see a sword or scabbard thrown away?

Lieut. Bircham—I was about 200 paces to the right front of the line. I saw something glittering in the air. I cannot say whether it was the sword or scabbard.

Col. Kennedy—At the time your attention was attracted in the manner you said, did you hear any one giving angry words of command?

Lieut. Bircham—No.

Col. Kennedy—Be good enough to say when it was Ensign Gilbert went on the sick list in the spring of this year, and for about what time did he continue absent from my immediate command?

Lieut. Bircham—Some time in the middle of March he went on the sick list, and Ensign Gilbert continued absent from Colonel Kennedy's immediate command for about five months.

Col. Kennedy—Did Ensign Gilbert return to Bellary in August last, and did he regularly attend parade under my immediate command from that date to 19th September?

Lieut. Bircham—He returned on the 24th August; he was on garrison duty for nine or ten days after that; he did not therefore regularly attend parade.

Col. Kennedy—Have you ever stated that at the time your attention was attracted to the line you were at a distance of about 180 paces, but not more, from Colonel Kennedy, and you heard Colonel Kennedy's voice but could not discern angry and certainly not bullying tones?

Lieut. Bircham—I may have said so. The distance, 200 paces, that I had sworn to is as nearly as I can judge the correct distance. I do not think that I ever made use of the words angry or bullying. I believe I had said I heard a voice; possibly I may have said it was Colonel Kennedy's.

Col. Kennedy—Did I in the orderly room on the 19th September direct Captain Borthwick and Colour Sergeant Lynch in your presence to write statements for submission to the General relative to what had occurred that morning on parade, and in doing this did I duly caution them of the seriousness of the matter about which they had to write?

Lieut. Bircham—Yes, to both parts of the question.

Col. Kennedy—Have I when in the orderly room spoken to you with reference to Lieut. McCall's im proper conduct on parade, and said his manner was insolent and disrespectful, and I feared it would end by my putting him in arrest?

Lieut. Bircham—Colonel Kennedy has told me that he considered Lieut. McCall's conduct disrespectful, and that he feared he would have to place him in arrest.

Col. Kennedy—Have I never told you in so many words that I considered Lieut. McCall as one who set a pernicious example to young officers, and have I not expressed my regret at the friendship subsisting between you two and at your living in the same house with him?

The Court cleared to decide if the question could be put.

On re-opening, the Court decided that this question could not be put.

The Court then adjourned for tiffin.—*Madras Mail.*

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It is stated that Sir Sydney Smith Bell, Chief Justice at the Cape of Good Hope, intends to resign his office at an early date. It is expected that he will be succeeded by the present Attorney-General of the colony, Mr. W. D. Griffiths.

## POPPING THE QUESTION IN NOVELS.

(*Saturday Review*, Oct. 29.)

It has been cynically suggested that the secrecy, so creditable to woman, hanging over the details of every declaration, is due as much to a sense of failure on her own part, of dissatisfaction at her share in the transaction, as to any nice sense of honour. Probably both parties are conscious that the supreme moment of life has been blundered through, has found them unprepared. The contact of souls which recalls Paradise was arrived at by a process which was not eloquence, nor yet grace. The man knows he bungled the thing, and said nothing in the way he meant to say it. The lady is conscious of a sense of quandary quite obscuring her habitual keenness of observation. The scene is indistinct and blurred, but she fears she was awkward. She wishes she had sustained the dignity of the situation, the crisis of her triumph, in a higher strain of thought and expression. The result is pleasant, and so is the retrospect, but at the same time each side is glad there was no looker-on. There are indeed some people who like to tell everything that happens to them who have no restraining impulses, and think it candour to invite the world to a microscopic inspection of themselves; but these are more commonly men. It is men who generally blab on the matter now in question. "Prig" is very justly a masculine designation. In this spirit an American transcendentalist relates the story of his wooing:—"How do you think I offered myself?" he asks his hearer, almost a stranger. "I had had never told Miss ——— that I loved her; never told her she was handsome; and I went to her and said, 'Miss ———, I'm come to offer myself; but first I'll give you my character. I'm very poor; you'll have to work. I'm very cross, and irascible; you'll have everything to bear; and I've liked many other pretty girls. Now what do you say?' And she said, 'I'll have you,' and she's been everything to me." The man who addressed a lady thus, unless he had had very great encouragement, must have had a lofty notion indeed of his place in the scale of being. Such people want no help, but to more modest men a passing review of the subject under the light of fiction may be acceptable. Result: transfer of the odium of tame-

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Ismail & Co.: 39 bags seeves and 11 bags funnel, Peerbhoy Nuthoo: 100 packages raisins, Sorabjee Nusserwanjee.

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ness and vapidity from the shoulders of the proposer to those of Dickens's carrier had grown into a formula. The man who did not know how to put his wishes into intelligible words took refuge in an alias, and announced that "Barkis was willin"—an ignominious, shabby refuge indeed, throwing upon the lady all the expense of furnishing the romance which she feels to be essential to the occasion, but which dovetails incongruously enough with such an introduction.

As the subject of the novel proper is love and courtship, so its moral should be looked for in the conduct of that lovemaking. Many so called novels do not depend on this subject, either for their interest or their didactic value. They may be masterpieces in their way, but because the story owes nothing to its lovers, the title of novel is a misnomer. We treat of those novels that carry out their title. A good novel we regard as a very important guide to youth in the conduct of a love affair. It is at once a school of rhetoric and deportment, and a moral counsellor and director. In the first place, it inculcates the two virtues of courage and modesty in equal proportions. People who never read novels are apt to be impudent or pusillanimous, according to their natural tendency, or the tendency of their age. Mr. Trollope says that in these days men never expect to be refused. It is a doctrine among them that young ladies think only of getting married, and that few dare to refuse any man who is at all justified in proposing to them. Now the best and most remarkable scene in a novel is often a spirited refusal. A student of this class of literature will avoid the scrapes which premature proposals entail into. He would not, for example, after reading *Granby*—which Sydney Smith regarded as fulfilling all the requirements of a novel—make an offer in a boat, lest he should be subject to the humiliation of rowing the lady back to shore a sulky, cowed, rejected man. On the other hand, the whole teaching of romance counsels him to try his chance, and to persist and hope to every constant lover; it tells him to be bold, "and everywhere be bold," but still with the counteracting whisper in his ear, "be not too bold." The men that pass their lives shilly shally, always meaning to marry and never making up their minds, are not novel-readers. The novel teaches the value of opportunity and its transitoriness, as in that excellent novel *Emilia Wyndham*; it shows the immense importance of a spoken word, and how, if the moment is allowed to pass by, people often drift from one another, never to come together again. On the other hand, it warns one not to be the slave of superciliousness, a wise man making more of such than he finds. Thus, Thackeray's Lovel the Widower, finding Elizabeth on the point of being driven from his house, and her boxes corded in the hall, makes his offer there and then in the presence of his mother and mother-in-law, his children, and all the servants, having at that moment summoned the lady at the top of his voice to accept this public amends for the insult she had received. Again the novel-reader learns many a lesson of propriety in manners, for want of which some young fellows take liberties and exhibit an insufferable arrogance which cuts them off from eligible society and good connexions. The use of the Christian name, for instance, is made a turning-point in some novels we know; it is viewed as a declaration, or tantamount to one. We think it is Goningsby who shows his delicate sense of the privilege of so addressing a young lady, condensing a proposal into its use. "Let me call you *my* Edith, for I love you." Mr. Trollope in his earlier manner made great use of the same opportunity. "I may call you Rachel, then?" asks one of his lovers. "Oh, no, please don't," is the timid reply. "What would people think?" "Perhaps they would think the truth," said he. "Perhaps they would imagine I called you so because I liked you. But perhaps they might think also that you let me do so because you liked me. People do make such mistakes." We say Mr. Trollope's earlier manner, for we note a very material change in his conduct of these affairs, and one which renders him a less safe guide to inexperienced youth. His lovers now are slow to introduce their proposal with a process which has hitherto been supposed to seal the bargain—a step which the rash follower of this precedent might, under some circumstances, find to involve unpleasant consequences; though Mr. Trollope's ladies behave under the infliction much after the fashion of Jenny Dennison. They call the men wicked; "Devil's in the fallow," they seem to say; and then ensue reflections and comparisons altogether in the temper of that incomparable waiting-maid:—"He has twice the spunk o' Tam Halliday after a'."

The novel-reader has an advantage over all others in the moment of rejection—a rude awakening which has been compared to falling down stairs. After the first shock, memory gently interposes with abundant matter for encouragement. How many a point-blank refusal in the second volume has he not known to issue in glad acceptance in the third! Other people, as confidents as he have met with as stunning a reverse. Was it not Darcy, in *Pride and Prejudice*, who has no doubt of success when he opens the matter to Elizabeth with the fatal arrogance, "In vain have I struggled. It will not do. My feelings will not be repressed. You must allow me to tell you how ardently I admire and love you;" and, after a scene of unsurpassed spirit, is answered by the lady, "You could not have made me the offer of your hand in any possible way that could have tempted me to accept it"? And yet her feelings by the end of the book had undergone such a change as to make her receive with gratitude and pleasure her arrogant lover's same modest assurances that his own wishes were unchanged. A good novel's consolations are lessons as well: it points out to the lover his mistakes, and how to correct them.

But, after all, the main use of this class of reading is in the vast scope and field it opens to the intelligent inquirer—the immense variety of alternatives, whether for warning or example, which the pages of fiction hold out; for every lover in fiction furnishes material for one or the other. The unbounded choice is the thing, directed by that insight into character and temperament which it is the high office of the novelist to instil. Thus the use of the word *wife* indicates the straightforward offer. It pleases simple women. "Anne Thompson, will you be my wife?" is the conventional Quaker's first word of love-making. She says "Yes," and the thing is settled. Also it is effective where the advantage of wealth or position is on the gentleman's side. "Of course, Grace," said Major Granby, "you know why I am here?" He paused, and then remembering that he had no right to expect an answer to such a question, he continued, "I have come here, dearest Grace, to ask you to be my wife." But there is a confident abruptness in this form that will not do under reversed circumstances. In opposition to this, some women are to be approached with timid, distant entreaty, as Tito to Romola. "If you will only let me say, I love you—if you will only think me worth loving a little." Then there is the manly offer of heart and hand, which is perhaps of all modes the most taken for granted by the outside unthinking world. "There is my hand," says Lucius Mason to Sophia Furnival. "There is my hand," says she, as they stand holding one another palm to palm. He quite honest, she only able to reach the pitch of half honesty. Sometimes more point is made of the shape and quality and action of the hands; thus Felix Graham offers the broad right hand. "If you can take it, you cannot doubt my heart goes with it," and the timid Madeline says not a word, nor does she lift her eyes from the ground; but very slowly she raises her little hand and allows her soft slight fingers, &c.

It is supposed to be the way to a spoilt pretty woman's heart to defer all fine speeches, and to propose through her faults. Some women like it. Thus Felix Holt performs his wooing, if such it is to be called through mere bullying, and even Mr. Knightly makes his way to Emma's breast through plain-speaking. Some are won through disparagement of person; so Mr. Rochester recommends himself to Jane Eyre. "You, poor, obscure, and small and plain as you are, I entreat you to accept me." Some with an audacious bargaining, as the cold-blooded love-making between Pendennis and Blanche. "You say I take you with what you bring. I say I take you with what you bring." Some with ardour and *abandon*, as the same Pendennis offering his heart at one time to Miss Costigan in the words of Byron or Moore, while she exclaims, "Oh, 'tis beautiful!" and carries on a mental calculation about the "turned gown and hashed mutton;" and in the last page to Laura, where the love-making is compressed into a line or two of effective writing and description. "The great moments of life are but moments like the others. Your doom is spoken in a word or two. A single look from the eyes, a mere pressure of the hand, may decide it; or of the lips, though they cannot speak." In a word, "directly he entered the room Pen went up to Laura of the pale face, who had not time even to say 'What, back so soon,' and seizing her outstretched hand, just as she was rising from her chair, fell down on his knees before her, and said quickly, 'I have seen her (Blanche of *Mes Larmes*), she has engaged herself to Harry Foker—and—and now—Laura?'" However, this going down on the knees, dear as it may be to romance, is out of date—an unsafe proceeding as far as novels teach us; there is an inherent difficulty in getting up again, and as far as our memory serves, people are always caught in the act. Even in this supreme moment the guilty couple are sure to be interrupted by the entrance of the cynical old lady so dear to Thackeray, with her tall butler peering over her shoulder. Do our readers recall Mr. Guppy, the attorney's clerk in *Bleak House*, whose delicate attention to his mother's habits does him so much honour? As a happy blending of the real and ideal his proposal deserves quoting at length, though it meets with so chilling a return from the object of his passion:—

"My present salary, Miss Summerson, at Kenge and Carboy's is two pounds a week. . . . My mother has a little property which takes the form of a small life-annuity. She is eminently calculated for a mother-in-law. . . . She has her failings, as who has not; but I never knew a lady so ill when company was present, at which time you may freely trust her with wine, spirits, or malt liquors. Miss Summerson! in the mildest language, I adore you. Would you be so kind as to allow me (as I may say) to file a declaration—to make an offer." Mr. Guppy went down on his knees. I said, "Get up from that ridiculous position immediately, sir, or you will oblige me to ring the bell."

Of all pleas, we think that of long acquaintance is the most discouraged by fiction, from Dumbiedikes downwards. When Jeanie Deans is obliged to be explicit with her extraordinary lover, and to own "I like another man better than you, and I canna marry ye," his astonishment is quite natural. "Another man better than me, Jeanie! How is that possible, woman? ye have kenned me sae lang." Dumbiedikes had read no novels. He could not, therefore, understand why habit should not work the same results on both sides. Jeanie even, for the same reason, thought the argument plausible. Instead of confuting, she accepted it. "Ay, but, Laird, I kenned him langer." It is this long acquaintance which at once makes Johnny Eames such a persevering suitor and renders his case hopeless. He cannot understand the force of a sudden fancy, and expects to supersede it. In fact, however, if he had come newly upon the scene he might have had some chance, but Lily had known him long enough to be familiar, and it would not do. She no longer cares for the other man, but he has smirched her as a tree is shattered by a storm. "It is no longer a tree," she says, "it is a fragment." He argues, "Then be my fragment?" "No, dear, it cannot be." Perhaps long acquaintance and a readiness to be made use of and to put up with fragments induces contempt, as in the case of Major Dobbin and his Amelia. The man who falls into Toots's vein, and treats his own little fancies, and especially his own little quantity, is to be granted, to these poor two-

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## FRENCH TELEGRAMS.

(*Punch*, NOV. 5.)

WARMEST hopes have been excited in France by the apparition of the Northern Lights, as they no doubt foretell an armed interference by the Autocrat of the North.

Twenty-nine of the Garde Mobile and two Vivandières very gallantly surrounded the Third Army Corps of the enemy on Tuesday, and destroyed or captured the larger portion.

Strasburg has been recaptured by a number of French soldiers, who had concealed themselves in the crypt of the Minster, and who, issuing forth at dead of night, with shouts and war-songs, terrified the Prussians into a hasty abandonment of the place.

M. Victor Hugo has issued a glowing appeal to the proprietors of all menageries, imploring them to let loose upon the Prussian monsters the nobler brutes of the forest. He apologises to the latter.

The Rhine, swollen by the rains, has risen to such an extent that the communications between the enemy and Prussia are entirely cut off, and a fleet of French gunboats has been launched to take the invaders in rear. Their surrender can be but a matter of days.

A new "Joan of Arc" has arisen at Tours. The inhabitants have contributed their plate to make her a suit of silver armour, and she will take the field at the head of a regiment of Amazons. Enthusiasm is at its highest, and victory is certain.

The Archbishop of Nancy, who had fallen into the hands of the enemy, was incautiously permitted to preach on Sunday last. His denunciation of the sin of the Catholic soldiers of Germany, in allying themselves, with Protestants against a Catholic power, produced such an effect that 123,371 immediately re-crossed the Rhine, and went home.

Twelve thousand Prussians were singing a Protestant hymn in the church of St. Samson, near Verdun, when a patriotic sexton, enraged at the desecration, placed a powder-barrel near the tower, which fell at the explosion. Every Prussian perished.

The entire garrison of Paris made a sortie last night, and rushed gloriously upon Versailles. The King, Crown Prince, Von Moltke, Von Bismarck, and the

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## HOW THE UHLANS TOOK MOUSSEUX-LES-CAVES.

(*Cornhill Magazine for November.*)

It was decidedly a wild night—a good deal of rain, a great deal of wind, and masses of driving cloud. The waning moon only showed her wan face at rare intervals, leaving things looking darker and more uncomfortable than she found them. The peasants of the Marne never keep late hours, and in times like these there was less than usual to tempt them to break through their primitive habits. The choicer spirits—those who had been the life and soul of the village *réunions*—had, for the most part, fallen back, following in the train of the retreating French; the duller family-men, who were tied by inevitable circumstances to the clods they tilled, had nothing to talk of but the advancing Prussians. An unpleasant although inexhaustible topic, the advent of those brigands, who not only sacked and pillaged as was natural, and cooked respectable *propriétaires* before slow fires until they produced their little investments of five-franc pieces from the banks of deposit in their thatch; but insulted women irrespective of looks, and murdered children simply because they liked the music of their dying screams. The result of the invariably depressing discussion was to send the natives somewhat earlier to rather more restless slumbers on mattresses they strove to make the most of so long as they could call them their own.

Yet the Prussians, terribly cut up in the battles before Metz, were still far away. Bazaine, with his avenging and victorious legions, hanging close upon their rear, MacMahon, with the army of Chalons, hurrying up to bar their advance. So said the proclamation of the préfet, and the préfet ought to know. He was confirmed, moreover, by the unanimous local journals, who, being unofficial, spoke with even less reserve. So when the more imaginative natives awoke in the night to hear the tramp of passing horses, broken in the lulls between gusts by an occasional clink of steel, they could much sooner have fancied them spectral huntsmen than Uhlans.

Yet Uhlans the riders were, although they had left the nearest of the army they *éclaire'd* a good dozen of miles in their rear. Nor did they show any symptom whatever of leaving reached the limit of their roving commission, of thinking as yet of wheeling round in retreat. On the contrary, they rattled forward at a trot to the full as steady as fitted men who had taken a hard day's work out of their horses, and meant to leave them a turn of speed to the score of accidents. No did accidents seem impossible, when, at a rapidly growing distance from their support, a mere handful of men were pounding into the darkness and a hostile land. A strange land, we were going to say; but that it evidently was not. They had avoided the *route impériale*, and were moving by side-roads on a line vaguely parallel. Yet the horseman who piloted, some fifty yards ahead of the half-dozen who formed the main division, appeared as sure of his way as if he had been born and bred in the commune. No geography mastered at secondhand—although, doubtless, the party carried admirable maps—could have helped him to a knowledge that approached to instinct. He turned sharp to the left, where the four lanes branch by the entrance to Fougerolles, without striking a match to read the finger-post. He skirted the back of the church at Moret-le-Château, avoiding the stones of the village street, and carefully turning, by the footpath under the elm-trees, the flooded duck-pond that the others, half-a-minute after, floundered through up to their stirrup-irons. They could follow him by the ring of his horse-hoofs; by flying glimpses of his shadowy form among the white poplar-stems when the moon blinked out; by an occasional shower of sparks struck from the flints that had mended the road. At last, while mounting a stiff cart-track by a foot-pace, between a couple of low vineyard walls, the little party could hear him come suddenly to a standstill. Immediately and in sympathy they pulled bridle. A peculiar whistle came out of the darkness. "All safe!" exclaimed the officer in command, taking his hand from his revolver, and loosening his horse with the pull of it; his men let their lances drop back in their loops. Immediately after they were alongside their comrade on the brow of the hill, while the couple of troopers told off to prevent surprise from the rear kept themselves halted *en vedette* in the darkness below.

"Nousseux-les-Cayes, Herr Lieutenant," exclaimed the pioneer, removing his hand from a respectful salute to wave it in the direction of what looked like a shower of fire-flies scattered among the neighbouring vineleaves, and which were really the lights of a town in a valley some three kilomètres off.

"Mousseux-les-Cayes—a sous-préfecture—fortified by Vauban, but dominated by hills mined with champagne-cellars—municipality and private proprietors exceedingly wealthy," muttered the lieutenant, as if he had been repeating a lesson learned by rote. "Doubtful whether smoothbores forwarded from Chalons have been mounted on the ramparts. Reported to be garrisoned by Garde Nationale, Garde Mobile, Francs-tireurs, Sapeurs-pompiers, and a battalion of the Chasseurs d'Afrique," he went on. "Well, it may be, but we have not seen the shadow of a pioquet. Not that that proves much in this campaign."

The lieutenant in command was a tall, broad-chested, clean-limbed, fair-bearded Teuton; an eye like a hawk's, that seemed to flash itself through the darkness in the direction of those distant lights; a delicate ear, that curved itself instinctively to gather up sounds whenever the wind fell for a second. The horse, barely up to the rider's bone and muscle, splashed to the eyes with white chalk-stains, yet himself to rest the near foreleg the moment he paused in his rough scramble. The rider, dripping with rain-drops from his square helmet-top to his muddy spur, his soaking cloak clinging close to his splashed jack-boots, sat as erect as if he had been parading at Potsdam.

Lieutenant Sabelschlag waked up his weary mount with a curse and a clink of steel, they could much sooner have fancied them spectral huntsmen than Uhlans.

The Hon. Miss D——, who is a re-excellent shot, and often accompanies her father on his shooting excursions in the Highlands, observed one day last week a short and casaque of myrtle-green cloth, trimmed with a border of pheasant's feathers, three inches wide. Her hat *Francitreur* was of green felt, with a plume of pheasant's feathers fastened by a velvet bow and silver buckle.

As the cold weather approaches *capuchons* make their appearance. They will be worn this winter in a countless variety of shapes and colours, made of fine wool either knitted or netted.

Dinner and evening dresses are still worn high and open *en cœur*, with lace chemisettes and ruffles to correspond. A pretty toilette for dinner or a friendly *soirée* consists of a skirt of blue *peluche de soie*, with three flounces simply hemmed. Tunic of white grenadine, edged with blonde and blue ribbon, looped up in three places with large bows, bodice, *en cœur*, with elbow sleeves and deep lace ruffles. *Coiffure* of curls confined by three bands of blue ribbon.

The crinoline is quite out of fashion, but a jupon, called *La tournure Impératrice*, has taken its place. And now we would give a few words of advice to those ladies who, for business or pleasure, go out walking in the muddy streets. Provide yourselves with strong, well-made boots, of the Hessian shape, buttons are preferable to elastic sides. Let your walking dress be made at least three inches from the ground, of some light woven material, such as serge or waterproof cloth, a simple black straw hat, with a broad ribbon of some bright colour, and, armed with an umbrella, you may defy the elements, and attend your classes or Art-schools without risk of catching cold.

Daily exercise in the open air, and plenty of employment for the mind, are the means to secure and retain the clear complexions for which our English girls are famous.

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A STEAMER of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to via New York was to be dispatched from Hongkong for San Francisco via Yokohama, on the 12th instant. The subjoined cement runs:—"Passengers ticketed through to California, Mexico, Central and South America, and by Overland Route to principal points in the United States and Canadas, and connecting with the various steam lines from New York to Liverpool, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, and Havre, Through Tickets issued, also to New York and Europe *via* Panama Route, and to Europe, per steamers of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, The West India and Pacific Steam-ship Company, Limited, and the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, from Aspinwall direct. Connections made at Panama with steam lines upon the West Coast of Central and South America, by which passengers are ticketed through. Favourable arrangements have been made for through passengers and freight to America from Calcutta, Penang, and Singapore, and from Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow. Return Passage Tickets issued at a reduction of 20 per cent. upon the amount of the regular fare."

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was meant to do, or his imaginative fearfully finished the sentence. At all events, in a second or so, bolts were drawn and bar let down; the door moved slowly back, and as the breeze rushed in, the light blew out. The prompt lieutenant sprang after the wind through the opening, revolver in hand, and grappled some one by the throat in the darkness.

"Blessed Mother of Heaven" grasped out a choking voice; and Sabelschlag, satisfied of the age and feebleness of his captive, released him on parole. An old man in night-dress and slippers, a gaudy *foulard* twisted round his wrinkled brow, speedily reappeared, shading a flickering candle with his trembling fingers. Face to face with the apparition of the armed Uhlans, he started back, and the light would have been eclipsed for the second time had not Sabelschlag, whose presence of mind never deserted him, made a rapid snatch at it.

"Bon soir, Monsieur Pierre," exclaimed a cheerful voice from among the hostile uniforms; and this time Pierre really shook in his slippers as if he had been prize to the Evil One.

"Is the patron at home, M. Pierre?"

Poor Pierre, fairly scared out of his devotion and intelligence, stammered out a "Non," but in such a tremor of guilty confusion, that the answer was inevitable.

"Mensonge, Pierre, mensonge;" while the lieutenant, putting Kellermann aside and dropping badinage, commanded the old man, with much affected sternness, to bring them to his master, or support the consequences. Pierre's agitation had unfitted him for the dramatic mendacity that might have imposed on the inquisitors, but his fidelity served him to any amount of passive obstructiveness. He would have seen himself flayed alive by the barbarians,—and he fully expected to be subjected to some such process, rather than betray the master whose bread he had eaten since a child. Just then a shout from below came to relieve him and the lieutenant from their mutual embarrassment.

"Mon Dieu! mon Dieu!" groaned Pierre, wringing his burning hands.

"Longboucho, Herr Lieutenant!" exclaimed Kellermann, triumphantly. "I could have sworn he was in the house."

Both were right. Wakened from his beauty-sleep to a dim sense of the situation, M. Longbouchon had rapidly put on a pair of pantaloons, his slippers, and *robe-de-chambre*, seized an umbrella, and set himself to escape by the back of his premises. M. Longbouchon was the security for a wise and cautious volume of shot mortally wounded two men. And the affair was followed by others, and two thirds of the line runs, has been neglected to be consulted; for any mountain in Khundwa, located within the past

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## BANKS.

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Limited.)

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The Bank opens Current Deposit Accounts and allows Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on Custom *c*s Daily Balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, and Hongkong. It also grants drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By order of the Directors,
JAMES WINDRAM, Manager.

Bombay, 26th August 1870.

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E. J. HARDCASTLE,
Manager.

14, Rampart Row, Bombay, 25th August 1869.

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E. L. MARRYAT, Lieutenant, R.E.,
Acting Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways.

Bombay, 29th November 1870.

NOTICE.—WANTED, immediately, EIGHT NATIVE SURVEYORS. No one need apply who is not acquainted with the DUMPY LEVEL and THEODOLITE.

H. TURCLOUD,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.

Bombay, Executive Engineer's Office, 1st December 1870.

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Bombay, 13th October 1870.

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